THE Bombay Gazette.

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BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

No. 55,320—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY—FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING

ENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

of	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
April	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
May	ARABIA	7903	....	...
	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
	EGYPT	7912	....	...
	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
	PERSIA	7951	......	...
	ALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7932
	ALEDONIA	7558	...	...
	[illegible]	8092	MALWA	10883
	[illegible]	6898	...	...
	[illegible]	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
	[illegible]	7933	....	...
	[illegible]	6000	MARMORA	10509
	[illegible]	7912	...	...

[illegible] are fitted with [illegible] Passengers to [illegible] connecting [illegible] on day [illegible]t that place [illegible]y the Health [illegible] on board the

[illegible]AITS, CHINA, [illegible] NEWZEALAND.
[illegible]mers leave Bombay fortnightly [illegible]NESDAYS, taking Passengers for the [illegible] and Japan, and Return Tickets are [illegible]avourable terms.
[illegible]ommodation and further information,

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

INDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

KERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

AGES	Booked without charge.
THS	Carefully Selected.
AMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
DBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
GAGE	Shipped and Insured.
NGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA :	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON :	GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

GULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

following SAILINGS have been arranged :—
ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.
OMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

mer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
lia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th May 1911
ia	6368	A. Haig	20th „ „
nia	5091	J. Thomson	9th June „
mpia	5124	G. Mitchell	21st „ „
ssia	6716	U F Osborne R N R	11th July „
dia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd „ „
alia	6388	J. Hamilton	8th Aug. „
ia	6368	A. Haig	21st „ „
ilia	5091	J. Thomson	8th Sept. „
mpia	5124	G. Mitchell	23rd „ „
ssia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	9th Oct. „
dia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st „ „
talia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th Nov. „
ia	6368	A. Haig	18th „ „

hedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay meward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
ombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
ombay to Portsaid	„ 446	677
ombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	„ 578	924
ombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	„ 653	999
ombay to Gibraltar	„ 590	891
ombay to Liverpool	„ 605	957
ombay to New York	„ 808	1,340
ombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	„ 446	

ll return tickets are available for 2 years.
oncessions granted to families, Railway employees, pital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.
ach steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and erienced Stewardess and is fitted with every fort.
ll steamers have electric lights and electric fans in ry cabin free of charge.
fficers of the Army are exempted from the penalty ched to overstaying their leave by reason of delay arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive the period of their leave.
he advertised rates to Europe include a passage by I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay
or any further information regarding passage ply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE)

gular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to RBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL :—

Steamers.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about 1911.
argraf	3,680	Ihle	3rd May,
ler	3,000	Schutt	19th „

ing passengers and cargo for LAMOO, BASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.
ill carry also cargo and passengers for Cape
ill call at Seychelles.
Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

Medow Street, Bombay 1st April, 1911.

EPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at able rates. Special Terms for large contracts ly to the Manager The "Bombay Gazette" E ac

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	28th April.	6 a.m.†	direct.
Linga	2171	Mon.	1st May	11 a.m.*	P D & C M.
Dumra	1695	Thurs.	4th May	9 a.m.	via C. M.

† Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI, KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 4th May calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Fortnightly)

S. S. "Lindula," 3358 tons, on Wednesday, the 3rd May, calling at Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomera and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.
(Monthly.)

S. S. "Palitakota," 3418 tons, sailing on or about Monday, 15th May, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Lalpoora," 3269 tons, sailing on or about 6th May.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY

28th April, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
Armand Behic	6,385	Guionnet	11th May 1911
Caledonien	4,130	Melber	8th June 1911.
Sydney	4,118	Sellier	6th July 1911.
Polynesien	6,363	Bruno	31st July 1911.
Salazie	4,147		3rd Aug. 1911.
Australien	6,365		28th Sept. 1911.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	26th Oct. 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigatione Generale Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
Salazie	4,147	Biquier	19th May 1911.
Polynesien	6,363	Bruno	16th June.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building Hornby Road. Agent.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Balduino	4,580	D. Maganzine	15th May 1911
R. Rubattino	4580	L. Macchini	15th June 1911
D. Balduino	4,580	D. Maganzine	15th July 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th May 1911
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th June 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th July 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ......to SINGAPORE Rs. 265 and to HONGKONG Rs. 290.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The LeClerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

※ THERAPION ※
CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 325,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY
BANGKOK
BATAVIA
BOMBAY
CALCUTTA
CANTON
COLOMBO
FOOCHOW
HAMBURG
HANKOW
HONGKONG
IPOH
JOHORE,
KOBE
KUALA LUMPUR
LONDON
LYONS
MALACCA,
MANILA
NAGASAKI
NEW YORK
PEKING
PENANG
RANGOON
SAIGON
SAN FRANCISCO
SHANGHAI
SINGAPORE
SOURABAYA
TIENTSIN
YOKOHAMA
YLOILO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

Church Gate Street, Bombay.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg
Bombay
Calcutta
Madras
Rangoon
Colombo
Karachi
Amritsar
Penang
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)
Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.
Medan Deli (Sumatra)
Singapore
Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)
Klang (F. M. States,)
Seremban (F. M. States)
Bangkok
Batavia
Sourabaya
Saigon
Manilla
Cebu
Hongkong
Foochow
Shanghai
Tientsin
Hankow
Yokohama
Kobe
New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—

9¼ inch by 4¼ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9¼ inch by 4¼ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *
* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.
5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
* If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.

- I.—Dealers in Watches, Clocks and Chronometers.
- II.—Jewellers, Engravers, Die Sinkers.
- III.—Dealers in Precious Stones.
- IV.—Manufacturing Gold and Silversmiths.
- V.—Importers of Best Sheffield Sterling Silver and Electro-Plated Ware.
- VI.—Opticians, Sole Agents for Dr. Menist's celebrated Spectacles and Eyeglasses, Glare Glasses, &c.
- VII.—Sole Agents for Goerz' celebrated Trieder and other Binoculars for Field and Marine use.
- VIII.—Dealers in Music and Musical instruments.
- IX.—Importers of Pianofortes for the Tropics. Agents for Bluthner, Schiedmayer, Richard Lipp, Broadwood &c.
- X.—Sole Agents for Napier Cars, 4 and 6 Cylinders.

MARCKS & Co. LTD.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE HOUSE for the following:—
GRUYERE PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA CHEESE always in stock throughout the year.
MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES of various shapes and designs fresh and can be had in large quantities.
PURE GENUINE OLIVE OIL of the Olives, now in great demand.
ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR (white) highly patronized for its excellence.
WALNUTS AND ALMONDS in soft shell, and HAZELNUTS always in Stock.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

MALARIA MIXTURE, prepared by FRANCESCO RANA of Bari, in Italy, cure guaranteed.
BRIOSCHI'S 'CETRATE,' an effervescent drink for the young and aged use freely in every house in Italy.
Our CLARET (Grignolino), the Genuine Wine, in great demand, at Rs. 11 per dozen bottles. Various other Brands of Wines and Liqueurs from The High Class House of Italy and France.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s
'ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anemia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

NOW READY **PRICE Rs. 3.**

THE
Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS
FROM
1*s.* $3\frac{3}{4}$*d.* to 1*s.* $4\frac{23}{32}$*d.*
ALSO
Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

THE FIRM FOR

CHOCOLATES

MONGINI BROTHERS' MIXED CHOCOLATES

(Fresh made) in ½ lbs. and 1 lbs. cartons Re. 1 and Rs. 2.

MONGINIS' CHOCOLATE CREAMS
MONGINIS' CHOCOLATE ALMONDS
MONGINIS' CHOCOLATE NOUGAT
MONGINIS' CHOCOLATE PRALINES
MONGINIS' CHOCOLATE PEPPERMINTS

KING GEORGE'S CHOCOLATES
CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES
FRY'S CHOCOLATES
PETERS' CHOCOLATES
CAILLERS' CHOCOLATES
ITALIAN CHOCOLATES
SWISS MILK CHOCOLATES,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, **BOMBAY**.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° „ „
Monkey 125° „ „
Elephant in tins and bulk.

TEA **AWARDED** COFFEE

3

GOLD MEDALS

AT

NAGPUR, JALGAON & BROACH

EXHIBITIONS

FOR

SUPERIORITY **PEARSE & Co.** EXCELLENCE.

APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1 Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the article CUT COPRA in bags, will be RE-TESTED for Tonnage in the end Shed of Carnac Bunder, next to the Sea Wall, on THURSDAY, 4th May, 1911, at 12 o'clock Noon, when the attendance of those interested is invited.

By Order of the Committee,
J. B. LESLIE-ROGERS,
Secretary.

Bombay, 27th April, 1911.

THE EMPRESS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRTY-FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on FRIDAY, the 28th April, 1911, at 4-30 P. M. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

1st—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1910.

2nd—To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

3rd—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 24th April to 15th May 1911, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES. COTTON & CO.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.

Bombay, 11th April, 1911.

THE JAMES GREAVES MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on FRIDAY, the 28th April, 1911, at 4-50 P. M. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

1st—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1910.

2nd—To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

3rd—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 24th April to 15th May 1911, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.

Bombay, 11th April, 1911.

THE CONNAUGHT MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-EIGHT ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on FRIDAY, the 28th April, 1911, at 5-5 P. M. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

1st—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1910.

2nd—To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

3rd—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 24th April to 15th May, 1911, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 11th April, 1911.

THE HOWARD AND BULLOUGH MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company No. 1, Forbes Street, on FRIDAY, the 28th April, 1911, at 5-20 P. M. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

1st—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1910.

2nd—To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

3rd—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 24th April to 15th May 1911, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 11th April, 1911.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on FRIDAY, the 28th April, 1911, at 5-35 P. M. (S.T.), to transact the following business:—

1st—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1910.

2nd—To elect a Director in place of the one who retires by rotation but is eligible for re-election.

3rd—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 24th April to 15th May, 1911, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.

Bombay, 11th April, 1911.

THE LEOPOLD SPINNING, BLEACHING AND MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on FRIDAY, the 28th April, 1911, at 5-50 p.m., (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1910.

2nd.—To elect a Director in place of the one who retires by rotation but is eligible for re-election.

3rd.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 24th April to 15th May, 1911, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,
Secretaries, Managers & Agents.

Bombay, 11th April, 1911.

GREAT · WESTERN HOTEL.
FACING THE SEA
FORT BOMBAY

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given that MAHOMEDALLY ESSABHOY BARANPOREWALLA, has contracted TO SELL the property hereunder described, to our client. All persons therefore having any claim or demand against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office, No. 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the Pension and Tax tenure together with the old tenements and dwelling houses or buildings standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the South of Jambulwadi, containing by admeasurement 222·26 square yards or thereabouts, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 478 New No. 2466, Old Survey No. 14-1191, New Survey No. 13, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under C Ward No. 1773, Street Nos. 25-27, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the east partly by the property of Mr. Santaram Narayen Bondsay, and partly by the property formerly belonging to Thucker Bhimji Jeewan, on or towards the West by the property of Mr. Kashinath Vithoba, on the towards the north by the said Jambulwadi, Lane, and on or towards the south partly by the property formerly belonging to Thucker Bhimji Jeewan and partly by the Carnac Road.—Dated this 27th day of April, 1911.

EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

WAGON STOCK FOR EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

TENDERS are invited for the construction and delivery to the Eastern Bengal State Railway, during 1911-1912, of the under-mentioned WAGON STOCK and quotations may be made either for the Standard or Sheffield Twinberrow Type, or for both:—

	To be delivered at— Naihati	Sara.
27' 7" Four-wheeled Iron Covered Jute Wagons, 5' 6" Gauge ...	60	...
43' 0" Bogie Iron Covered Jute Wagons, Metre Gauge ...	...	100
18' 0½" Four-wheeled Iron Low-sided Wagons, Metre Gauge...	...	23

2. The Contractor will be required to supply the whole of the material required for the construction of the wagons except wheels and axles, buffers, (complete, including buffer-heads, sockets, nuts and cotters) axle boxes, and bearing, draw and buffer springs, which will be supplied by the Railway.

3. The Broad Gauge stock must be completely constructed in the Contractor's yard and delivered at Naihati. The Bogie Covered Goods Wagons, Metre Gauge, must be constructed and delivered at Sara, one vehicle being put together with service bolts in the Contractor's yard, and passed before any finished parts are despatched to Sara. The Iron Low-sided Wagons must be completely constructed in the Contractor's yard and delivered at Naihati, on Broad Gauge Trucks, the Wheels, Axles, Axle Guards and brake gear being removed to enable them to travel over the Broad Gauge lines.

4. Delivery of completed Wagons will be required to commence as soon as possible, after receipt of the Wheels and Axles, &c., and the entire number must be delivered before the 31st March, 1912.

5. Copy of specification, formal agreement, tracings and form of Tender with full particulars of contract can be obtained at the office of the Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway, on payment of Rs. 100 which will be returned upon receipt of a valid Tender.

6. Tenders, which must be enclosed in sealed covers, should be superscribed "Tenders for Wagons for E. B. S. Railway," and addressed to the Secretary, Railway Board, Simla. They will be received up to noon of the 31st May, 1911.

7. The Railway Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest, or any Tender.

R. C. VOLKERS.
Secretary, Railway Board.

Simla, Dated the 21st April, 1911.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

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MAHOMED & CO.,
"CHEAP JACK,"
TAILORS
AND
GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
HOSIERS AND HATTERS,
MAJESTIC HOTEL,
Opposite Apollo Hotel,
FORT, BOMBAY.

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Number of inventions patented
HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,
FALL & BURGLAR PROOF
SAFES,
LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS.

OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.

The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited

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TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert;
A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
APPLY EARLY TO
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY.
WHOLESALE AGENTS:
RETAIL SUPPLIERS:—Messrs. BRANDON & CO., Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO. Hummum Street, Fort.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOMBAY GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOLS' ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.
COMBINED SCHOOLS' ENTERTAINMENT.
SATURDAY, April 29th, 5-30 P.M.
AT THE TOWN HALL.
TICKETS—Rs. 2; Re. 1 and 8 Annas.
Children: Half Price.

PROGRAMME.

1. Pianoforte Solo...Selected..................Miss Morgan.
2. Song..................."I know a Bank" Scottish High School.
3. Recitation..........."The Minuet".....Convent High School, Fort,
4. Song..................."Gentle Dove" (Mackenzie)...Miss E. Mc Clumpha.
5. Club Drill..Alexandra Girls' High School.
6. Song..................."When True Love hath found a Man" (E. German)........Cathedral Girls' High School.
7. Costume Song..."The Little Serving Maids"..............Scottish High School.
8. May Pole Dance..............................B. E. S. Girls' High School.
9. Song..Mrs. Pearson.
10. Singing Games................................John Connon High School.
11. Musical Sketch."Beethoven Terrace".Miss Russell.
12. Song..................."Roll on, thou mighty Sea"..........Empress High School.
13. Trial Scene...From "Pickwick Papers"..............Girgaum Girls' High School.
14. Flower Drill..Convent High School, Byculla,

GOD SAVE THE KING.

EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH
NOVELTY THEATRE
TO-MORROW
ANOTHER EXCELSIOR SUCCESS.
The Race of the Season.
THE GRAND NATIONAL.
This film contains a most faithful reproduction of the most exciting Steeplechase in the world.
TWENTY CAMERAS
THIRTY-TWO OPERATORS
Secured this extraordinary Picture.
THE SCENE IN THE PADDOCK
THE START
THE WATERJUMP
THE STONE WALL
TWENTY-SIX STARTED
ONLY
FOUR FINISHED.
ANOTHER MONSTER PROGRAMME.
TO-MORROW.
LAST NIGHT OF
"JOAN OF BRAGANZA"
"FOOLSHEAD"
THE STUCK-UP.
etc., etc.
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

SKATING RINK.
DAILY SESSIONS AS USUAL.
TUESDAY, 2ND MAY,
DANCING
AND
SKATING
From 9-30 to Midnight.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

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PURE POT STILL WHISKEY
The fine flavour and exceptionally high quality of John Jameson's Whiskey have made it Famous for over 100 years.
JOHN JAMESON & SONS, LIMITED,
DUBLIN.
Distillers to H.M. The King.

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VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s.; double from 7s.; sitting and bed room from 15s.; suites from 21s.; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive, terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath, Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).

J. R. CLEAVE.
PROPRIETOR.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Rs. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY, at 2 30 P. M. of Mr. Hopkinson and others' Valuable Furniture Drawing Room Suite, Cottage Piano, etc., at "Khatao Bhavan," Khatao Road, near Colaba Railway Station.

WANTED.—CLERK with thorough knowledge of CUSTOMS WORK, entering clearing Steamers, etc., Salary Rs. 60. Apply Box No. 2759 care of this Paper.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

MOTOR ACCESSORIES.—We specialize in these. Spare parts stocked. A call will convince you as to the smartness and utility of our goods. No uphill prices. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '80 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE,—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years, during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL Malabar Hill, Bombay.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 7/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3, Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey, Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9. care of 'Bombay Gazette" Office

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes. "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—9½ inch by 4¼ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4¼ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000. 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand I) printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort. behind the Bank of Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

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BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
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GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
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By L. P. Parikh Rs. 6.
LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE at the Rooms of the Auctioneers, 21, Medows Street, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 28th day of April, 1911.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES, situate at Malabar Hill, Harkeness Road out of Fort, Bombay.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will under instructions from Limji N. Banaji, Esquire, the Receiver appointed in the Suit No. 570 of 1891, and appeal No. 816, in pursuance of the directions contained in the consent decree passed in the above suit bearing date the 16th day of November, 1910, sell by Public Auction, (unless previously disposed of by private sale,) the under-mentioned immoveable properties at 21 Medows Street, in the Rooms of the said Auctioneers, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 28th day of April, 1911, the undermentioned days and at the under-mentioned times. viz.—

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTIES THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 28th day of April, 1911, at 5 p.m. (S.T.).

Lot No. I.

All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground with the messuage, stable and buildings standing on part thereof, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay on the south side of Harkeness Road, Malabar Hill, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 7,530 square yards or thereabouts, bounded on the north partly by the Harkeness Road aforesaid and partly by a portion of the private road, belonging to the estate of the late Calliandas Kirparam, being lot No. II; on the south partly by the property of Mooljit Haridas and partly by the property of Bhaidas Vallabhdas and Nagindas Vallabhdas on the east by the property of the said Bhaidas Vallabhdas and Nagindas Vallabhdas, and on the west by property of Bai Hamabai Petit, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 572, Collector's New No. 2716, Old Survey No. 21, $\frac{A}{22}$ — New Survey Nos. 7189, $\frac{A}{24}$, 7190, 7240, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 3232, Street No. 8-10, and now in the occupation of the Hon'ble Mr. E. J. Hawks as tenants of the said Receiver.

Lot No. II,

On the SAME DAY, as above, at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.

All that piece or parcel of freehold land being a private road, situate on the west side of Harkeness Road, Malabar Hill, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,377 square yards or thereabouts, bounded on the north by property of Dawood Fazul Peeroo Mahomed on the south partly by property of Bai Hamabai Petit, and partly by property belonging to the estate of the late Calliandas Kirparam, being lot No. I, on the east partly by the said Harkeness Road and partly by property of the said Dawood Fazal Peeroo Mahomed, and on the west by property of the said Dawood Fazal Peeroo Mahomed, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 572, New No. 2716, Old Survey No. 21 $\frac{A}{22}$ and $\frac{A}{24}$—New Survey Nos. 7189-7190, 7240.

Particulars and conditions of sale can be had at the office of Messrs. CRAIGIE, BLUNT and CAROE, Standard Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Solicitors to the Receiver, or from the Auctioneers or from the Receiver.

The Receiver will be prepared to consider any private offer for the purchase of the abovementioned properties.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 28th April, 1911.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

SALE THIS DAY, FRIDAY, 28th April.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 28th April, at 2-30 p.m. Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the "Khatao Bhavan," on Khatao Road, near the Colaba Railway Station, very valuable and neat blackwood and teakwood French-polished and mahogany stained drawing, dining and bed room furniture, made to order, silk tapestry lined drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, cabinets, mirror almyrahs, rosewood cottage piano by Soundy, sideboard dumbwaiter, dining tables and chairs, chest of drawers, dressing and wash hand tables, clothes and gown presses, tables and teapoys, single and double bedsteads, rich glass, crockery and platedware, table, hall and hanging lamps, table ornaments, rich carpets, curtains, ice box, cooking utensils, etc., the property of C. W. Hopkinson, Esq., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE ON SUNDAY, 30th April, at 2-30 p.m.

On SUNDAY, the 30th April, at 2-30 p. m., (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on the ground-floor "West View," opposite the Sassoon Dock Clock Tower, at Colaba, valuable and neat black and teakwood new designed drawing, dining, bed and office room furniture, blackwood silk tapestry lined fan pattern, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, full size drawing room teak and blackwood cabinet by Roberts, corner cabinets, drawing room marble topped tables and teapoys, electric hall lamps with silk shade, travelling American folding harmonium, bronze palm stand, dining table and chairs, dumbwaiter, English single teakwood bedsteads with springs, cane and cushion Curzon chairs, new designed mirror and tile single and double door almyrahs, bentwood piano stool, single and double screens, office table, cupboard, English rocking chair, Brussel's carpets, fan pattern verandah bench, velvet and leather lined half back sofa, dressing and wash hand tables, cheval glass, phonograph, pictures, glass crockery and platedware, etc., the property of Dr. Anklesaria, proceeding to England and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE ON WEDNESDAY, 3rd May, at 2-30 p.m.

On WEDNESDAY, the 3rd May, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on the Second Floor No. 4, Colaba Causeway, opposite the Scottish Church and close to the Old Apollo Hotel, valuable and neat French-polished and mahogany stained drawing, dining and bed-room furniture made to order, tapestry lined drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, cabinets, mirror almirah, sideboard, dumbwaiter, dining table and chairs, chest of drawers, dressing and wash hand tables, clothes and gown presses, tables and teapoys, single and double bedsteads glass, crockery and platedware, table, hall and hanging lamps, table ornaments carpets, cooking utensils, etc., the property of H. Chick, Esq, and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 28th April, 1911.

MESSRS. A. READYMONEY AND CO.,
No. 18, Meadows Streets, Fort.

SALE of Fancy, Goods, Silk Millinery, Fancy Silk Sashes, Hat Pins, Combs, &c., in Meadows Street, Fort, next to Messrs. Dunett & Co.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 29th inst., at 2-30 P.M. (S. T.,) Messrs. A. READYMONEY & Co., will put up for sale by Public Auction, at the above place, one lot fancy packets such as silk millinery, silks ashes, dolls, toys, games, albums, electroplated wares, handbags, jewel cases, bronze figures, writing cases, baba swings, chairs, picture frames, rocking horses, gold, silver and metal watches, musical and alarum time pieces, large 8 day key clocks and a great variety of goods.

Each lot will be sold singly to suit purchases.

A. READYMONEY & Co.

Bombay, 28th April, 1911.

BLAKKES B. AL. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Goods, Sweeping, etc., at the G. I. P. Railway Wari Bunder.

In accordance with sections 55 and 56 of the Railway Act 9 of 1890 and under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 28th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, a quantity of unclaimed goods, grain and seeds in bags, cottonseed, linseed, rise rapeseed, turmeric, jowari, and hards in bags, box of machinary, hats, sundry, steel beams, drums of oil, bundle of C. P. goods boxes of luggage, bundles of cotton, powras, case of brass locks, iron bars, box of glass weights, casks of cement slate pens and thread, drum of dry colour, loose C. I. sheets, bundle of gunny bags, box of nails, bundle of wooden frames, boxes of glass pans and household affairs, empty drums, and casks, bundle of iron sheets lot of condemned sheets, old records, heaps of sweeping grains, etc., etc.

Re. 1 crate iron safe ex Chindwara to Saugar Invoice No. 4 of 25-1-1910.

Re-Bombay to Bhopal Invoice No. 924 R. R. 988-39 of 19-5-10 one bale English cotton piece-goods weighing 3 maunds 23 seers, sender Ganpat Makanjee, consignee Ramnath Sadarmal.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the late Mr. N. M. Wadia, C. I. E., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Apollo Street, Opposite the Share Bazar, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p. m., (S. T.), furniture, rich glassware crockery and plated ware, fancy ornaments, parian and Dresden figures, glass domes, fancy clocks, sofas, chairs, cupboards, writing tables, pier glasses, walking sticks, flower pots, fancy teapoys, 1, 2, 4, and 6 lights, hanging Argand lamps, one cottage piano, large organ, &c. The above is now on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S.T.)

1 handsome strong glass frosted miniature office brougham, in very good order.

1 Second-hand rubber-tyred victoria in good order.

1 second hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.

1 bay pony, quiet in harness.

1-8 H. P. single cylinder 3-seated De-Dion pattern motor car, magneto and new tyre tube with accessories complete in perfect order.

The property of a gentleman, going home—

1 strong grey Arab horse 14 hands, goes both in saddle and harness.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On TUESDAY, the 2nd May, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by order of the executors of a deceased gentleman, in the compound of the late Mr. Hunsraj Curcamsey at Hunsraj Lane, Near Byculla Bridge, Byculla, the surplus stock containing sofas, carved chairs, cupboards, wardrobes, one old harmonium, pier tables, cotton mattresses, marble top tables, charpois hanging chandeliers, bedsteads, one shigram and one phaeton etc., etc.

The above will be on view 3 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE GOLD, PEARL AND DIAMOND JEWELLERY.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on TUESDAY, the 2nd proximo, sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), by order of the widow of a deceased Bhatya gentleman, the following valuable jewellery.

One white round jeewan pearl-necklace, in two Strings, with emerald pendant.

Pearl bangles, pearl bracelets, pearl nose rings, diamond and emerald rings, gold bangles, gold choori "kakas," "Pochi," buckle shape "kudas," bamboo and almond shape bangles, ear-rings, etc. etc.

By order of the mortgagee and on account and risk of Abdoolbhoy Nancy—

1 bunch of 10 strings 148 white pearls about 70 1-2 chows.

The above is now on view.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED LUGGAGE AND PARCEL, ETC., at the G. I. P. Railway Lost Luggage Office, Victoria Terminus.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 53 Railway Act IX of 1890, and under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Company, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place on THURSDAY, the 4th May, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.)

A quantity of unclaimed luggage and parcels, etc., particulars of which may be ascertained from the Undersigned.

On FRIDAY, the 5th May, 1911, at 2-30 p. m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Government, Dockyard compound, and next to the Sailors' Home, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best platedware, large dining table, arm and without arm chairs, handsome mirror back sideboard and dinner wagons, table and hall lamps, rich carpets, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, marble top tables, fancy tiled top teapoys, artistic made cabinets, parian, Dresden and terracotta figures, fancy ornaments, Satsuma and old China vases, blackwood carved furniture, Singapore cane furniture, one sweet tone cottage piano, Jest punkha motor, iron, safe on stand, single and double bedsteads, dressing and wash hand tables, almyrahs, chest of drawers, engravings and oil paintings, copper utensils, garden pots, etc., etc.

The property of H. Johnston, Esq., R. I. M. and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

Sale on SATURDAY, the 6th May, at 2-30 p. m.

On SATURDAY, the 6th May, at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 7, Queen's Road, Marine Lines, opposite the Church Gate Station, the very valuable and neatly design made to order dining, drawing and bedrooms furniture, rich glass and crockeryware by Treacher and Co., best platedware, dining table and chairs, sideboards and dinner wagons, blackwood chiffoniers, velvet lined new design drawingroom suite in 10 pieces, upholstered chairs, artistic cabinets, single and double mirror door almyrahs, clothes and gown presses, chest of drawers, one sweet-toned ebonized grand cottage piano and pianola, handsome flower vases rich table ornaments, oil paintings, figures, marble fancy pillar with basket, dressing and wash hand tables, one marble clock showing dates, months and phases of the moon. Jost radio fan, carved screen, brass and iron bed-steads, medicine chest, Singer sewing machine, real Chubb's safe with keys, fancy teapoys, easy chairs, fancy busts, writing desk, bronze figure time piece, Singapore and Hongkong made chairs, table and hall lamps, thermos flask silverware, one lot of books history of nations, beaded chicks, large and small ice boxes with refrigerator, Persian carpets, new China mattings, copper utensils, one lot garden tubs and pots, zari, etc., etc., the property of Major A. S. Capper and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the Sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 28th April, 1911.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Colour, Tea, Khar, Cinnamom, Clocks, Red lead. Country Soap, Benjamin, etc.

Under instructions from Messrs. The Bombay Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 28th April, 1911, at 3 p. m. (S. T.,) at New Coal Bunder, Mazagaon, on account of the concerned the undermentioned goods damaged ex s. s. "Netravati."

A quantity of colour, tea, clocks, red lead, country soap, steel trunk, paper, lamp, etc. Soda, Benjamin, khar, cinnamom, etc.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 28th April, 1911.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL....... £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.......... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta.	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Bombay,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Madras.	Chittagong,	Zanzibar,
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Mombasa,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Nairobi,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nakuru,
Delhi,	Kandy	Kisumu,
Cawnpore	Nuwara-Eliya.	Kampala.
		Entebbe,

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities,

Post Box No. 1[illegible],
BOMBAY.
W. J. K. HEGAR[illegible]
Acting Ma[illegible]

ALLIANCE BANK O[illegible]

CAPITAL (Paid up)......[illegible]
RESERVE FUND (in [illegible] Paper).......... [illegible]
HEAD [illegible]

Calcutta, Bomba[illegible] lin, Lahore, Mu[illegible] Umballa.

[illegible] London, Edinb[illegible] principal [illegible]

CURRENT ACCO[illegible] allowed at 2 per cent. [illegible] from Rs. 500 up to Rs. [illegible] allowed when the sum acc[illegible] Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received [illegible] at rates which can be ascertained on [illegible]

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received [illegible] allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up..................Gold $ 3,250,000,000
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits..................Gold $ 3,375,444,33
LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Mexico.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe.	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... „ 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... „ 16,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Nagasaki
Bombay	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Fengtien (Mukden)	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs.1,00,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE
TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription. Rate	Discount Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 13 12	„ 11 9
Quarterly ...	„ 7 8	„ 6 0
Monthly ...	„ 2 8	„ 2 0

SINGLE COPY ... ... ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly ...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 20 0	„ 16 0
Quarterly ...	„ 10 12	„ 8 8
Monthly ...	„ 3 12	„ 3 0

SINGLE COPY... ... TWO ANNAS.

N. B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount rate payment must always be made in advance.

For rates of old issues of the "Bombay Gazette," See Special Short Advertisement Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line... ...	„ 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must in all cases be made in advance.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion	Rs. 6-0	Per inch
Second Insertion ...	„ 3-8	do.
Third Insertion	„ 3-0	do.
Fourth Insertion ...	„ 2-8	do.
Fifth and upwards ...	„ 2-0	do.
Minimum charge ...	„ 6-0	do.

In the Native Languages double the above rates

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time special contracts are made.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 08 July, 2017

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, April 26.] [BOMBAY, April 27.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
1-2 per cent. Consols ...	81		7-16
do. Rentes ...	96	un	chgd
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan..	95 3-4	un	chgd
do. Govt. securities...	84 1-4		1-16
Bar Silver in London ...	24 13-16		1-8
do. 2 months' hence...	24 15-16		1-8
do. in New York ...	53 7-8		1-4
Exchange on London at Paris.	25-31	un	chgd
do. at Berlin...	20-45	un	chgd
do. at New York...	4-86 5-8	1-8	
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 p.c. 9th Mar.	since	
do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight.	3 1-2	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight.	3 1-2	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 1-8	un	chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	2 3-4	1-3	
Interest 7 day Market Loans...	2 7-8	1-4	

...r Gold ... 77-9 unchgd

... India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying ... unchgd.

...ilver.—Fall caused by China selling. ... into the Bank of England, about

...CIL BILLS.

... for Council Bills on India ... allotted to Calcutta ... to Bombay ... to Madras

...d. (Min. Rate) ... full. ...d. (Min. Rate) ... in full. ... Calcutta and Bombay

... 21,30,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 50,40,000 „ to Bombay.
„ 20,30,000 „ to Madras.

Total Rs. 92,00,000

...nders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) ...ived 11 per cent. above that rate in full. ...enders on Bombay at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) ...ceived 11 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·09.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale, Rs. 1,00,40,000.

Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 1,00,00,000.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Firm. good business done.
Futures	... Irregular.
East Indian	... .
Manchester	Business very restricted.
Total Sales	... 12,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export...	000
Imports	... 2,000
Mid Americans	... 8·30+10
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	10 3-3 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Apl.-May	May-June	June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.
7·91	7·39	7·81	7·79	7·51
+06	+06	+07	+08	+09
Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.Jan.	
7·17	6·99	6·91	6·91	
+10	+11	+11	+10	

New York Official noon call May 15-17 July 15-30.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	9,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year ...	12,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	Nil
Exports to Continent ...	10,000
Spot Cotton—	15·35+20

Futures—Month of May : 15-15+07
Futures—Month of July : 15-25+08
{ Advanced on unfavorable weather and on bull support and short covering.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	...15 3-16+2-16
Futures—Month of Mar.	...15·43+12
Do. do May	...15·43+12
Closing Tone of Spot Cotton	...Firm.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi ...33 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Nominal.
Red Karachi ...33 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Nominal.
Tone—Quiet but steady.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs. ...33 1-4—1-3
Do. Months—April-May.
Buyers &c.—Sellers—Easier,

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South New Wales ...34 1-4
Do. Months—April—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs, 85 p.c. ex-ship... 44 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—April-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Value.
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship.. 46 7-8 unchgd
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Value.
Brown Cawnpore 40 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—April-May—Sellers.
Do. Name of Ports—Amsterdam.
Tone of Rapeseed.—Quiet but steady.

LINSEED—

Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ...70 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—May-June—Buyers.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Tone of Linseed—Firm.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...61 1-2+1-2
Do. Months—April-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Value.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 11 3-1 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...5-3 —Value.—Quiet.

METALS—

Copper Braziers ...£ 63 1-4
Yellow Metal ...d 6
Standard Copper G. M. B. ...£55

FREIGHT—

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal......... 10s.

BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—

Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... 35
„ „ Mutton Tallow ... 36
General Tone of Tallow auction—Firm.

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar C. and F, India double bags. ...13 7 1-2—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment ...May-Aug.
Tone—Dull and prices easier.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...13 —Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments ...May.
Tone—Nothing doing.
German Beet-root 88 p. c ...10 7 1-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ... .
Tone—Steady—Market opened easier and closed steady.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ...14 7 1-2—Sellers
Months of Shipments ...May-August.
Tone—Little demand.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...12-3—Value.
Months of Shipments ... .
Tone—Quiet.
Java Sugar—Unchanged.
General Tone—Quiet. No demand.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [27th April 1911.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL ON 24th April, 1911.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ...	43	51,007
B. B. & C. I. Railway	53	64,214

FINANCIAL.

MONEY :—

The cash balance of the Bank of Bengal is 37 lakhs up.

EXCHANGE :—

The market opened steady at 1s. 4 1-16d. to 3-32d. T. T., 1s. 4 3-32d. Demand and 1s. 4 1-4d. for 3 months' sight credits. 1s. 4 3-32d. has been obtainable here and there for T. T. but the general rate is 1s. 4 1-16d. Private bills have been placed at 1s. 4 1-4d. 3 months' sight. Far Eastern rates are easier.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-16d. to 3-32d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 3-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 1-4d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 7-32d. from 13th May
Do. do France	...171 1-4
Do. do Marks	...138 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...134 1-2
Shanghai „	...178 3-1
Japan „	...149 3-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened at 95 13-16 for cash and the 1st settlement, and 95 7-8 for the 2nd settlement but has improved during the day closing quotations being as under. A moderate business has been done.

We quote :—

Cash	... Rs.	95	14	6
1st Settlement	... „	95	14	6
2nd „	... „	96	0	0

BULLION :—

Yesterday Bar Silver in London closed 1-8 lower both for ready and for delivery in two months at 24 13-16 and 24 15-16 respectively. New York was 1-4 down at 53 7-8. The local market opened at 63 ex duty for ready and closes easier as under. Bar gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold ...	... Rs.	24	0	0
Australian „ ...	... „	24	0	0
Sovereigns „ ...	... „	15	0	0
Silver Ready ex-duty	... „	62	14	0
„ 1st settlement	... „	63	0	0
„ 2nd Settlement	... „	63	3	0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

The continued advance at home had no effect here and the market opened quiet with little enquiry. At Colaba however rates steadied a little owing to a better enquiry for ready cotton, and at the close the tone of the market is steadier at our quotations, though many of the rates are more or less nominal.

For ready cotton there has been more demand both by exporters and mills, and the turn over at Colaba showed some improvement. Holders are meeting the enquiry.

QUOTATIONS :—

OLD CROP.

Fine M G Broach ...	Rs. 353	May
Do do Khandesh ...	„ 310	do
F G do do ...	„ 298	do
Fine do Khamgaon-Akola...	„ 318-19	do
Do do Bengals ...	„ 306-7	do
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar...	„ 356	do
Do H C Westerns ...	„ 338	do
Do M G do ...	„ 344	do

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach ...	Rs. 309	March
Fully Good H G Bengals ...	„ 245	January
Fine M G Bengal ...	„ 270	„

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone ...	Firm.
Estimated Sales ...	12,000 bales
Total Imports ...	3,000 „

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July	July-Aug.	
7·92	7·90	7·85	7·79	
+07	+07	+08	+03	
Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
7·51	7·13	6·93	6·87	6·85
+07	+06	+05	+05	+05

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—

Last night the forward rate was Rs. 12-15-0, but the market is easier to-day.

We quote :—

Ready „ ...	Rs. 12 1 0	B. T.
May ... „	12 13 6	B. T.

RAPESEED :—The market is quiet. We Quote :—

Brown Delhi April-May...	Rs. 7 0 6	B. T.
Yellow Guzerat ready ... „	7 13 0	B. T.
Brown Etawah ready ... „	6 9 0	B. T.

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is quiet but steady. We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	51	8	0
Mimbara ...	„	51	8	0
Yellow Hinganghat ...	„	56	0	0
Red Jubbulpore ...	„	48	8	0
Black Kutni ...	„	48	8	0

CASTORSEED :—Tone quiet but steady. We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	35	0	0
Forward ...	Rs.	36	0	0

COTTONSEED :—Tone quiet. We Quote :—

Ready ... Rs. 23 0 0 to 24 0 0

POPPYSEED :—Tone easier. We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs. 9 11 0	B. T.
April-May ...	Rs. 10 10 0	B. T.

GROUNDNUTS :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

Bold ...	Rs.	43	0	0
Small ...	Rs.	41	8	0

MOWRASEED :—Tone steady.

July-August ... Rs. 6 14 0 B.T.

WHEAT :—The market is quiet but steady. We Quote :—

White Delhi Apl.-May Rs. 4 13 6 B. T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay ...	1,640
Bank of Burma ...	136
Bank of India ...	65
Eastern Bank ...	77
Indian Specie ...	51

MILLS.

David ...	375
Finlay Mills ...	225
Kohinoor ...	610
Maneckji Petit ...	2,060
Standard ...	892 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	129 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	170
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord. ...	241 1-4
Colaba Land and Mill ...	1,127 1-2
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	16

RAILWAYS.

Tapti-Valley ...	480
Scindh Light Ry. ...	123

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton ...	8,893	bales.
Wheat ...	11,180	cwts.
Linseed ...	60,296	„
Rapeseed ...	12,049	„
Gingellyseed ...	395	„
Poppyseed ...	10,170	„
Groundnuts ...	4,349	„
Castorseed ...	6,838	„
Rice ...	3,172	„
Myrabollams ...	1,499	„
Cottonseed ...	7,650	„
Mowraseed ...	Nil	
Gram ...	4,050	„
Joowar ...	327	„
Maize ...	Nil	

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK.

The following is a statement of the liabilities and assets of the Yokohama Specie Bank, and of the profit and loss account for the half year ended 31st December, 1910. The gross profit of the Bank for the past half year, including yen 1,173,177.—22 brought forward from last account, amount to yen 10,691,922 —34 of which yen 7,814,132.—42 have been deducted for interest, taxes, current expenses, rebate on bills current bad and doubtful debts, bonus for officers and clerks, etc, leaving a balance of yen 2,877,789.—92 for appropriation. The directors now propose that yen 250,000.—00 be added to the reserve fund, and recommend a dividend at the rate of twelve per cent., per annum, which will absorb yen 1,410,000—00. The balance, yen 1,187,789—92, will be carried forward to the credit of next account.

At an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of this Bank, held on the 10th March, 1911, it was decided that the Capital shall be increased by yen 24,000,000 thus raising it to yen 48,000,000 ; that the new shares be allotted to the shareholders on the Register on the 5th June, 1911, at the face value of yen 100 with the ratio of one new share for each old share; that on each of these new shares yen 25 be paid in July, 1911, and that the balance be called when the Board of Directors deems it necessary so to do.

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

BENGAL RABI.

The forecast of the rabi crops of Bengal, 1910-11 :—

On an average of the five years ending 1908-09, the area under summer rice which is included in this forecast in the territory to which it relates, represents about 0·2 per cent. of the total area under rice in British India.

Explanatory.—The crops dealt with in the present forecast are the spring crops such as summer rice, barley, grams tobacco, poppy and other food and non food crops which are harvested between February and April. In these food and non-food crops are included rahar, kalai, mung, peas, lentils, khesari, kulthi, buck wheat, cheena, potatoes, yams, melons, chillies and other spices as well as oats and vegetables.

Bihar is the chief rabi-growing tract, but rabi crops are important also in Burdwan, Midnapore, Cuttack, Ranchi, Palamau, Singhbhum and in all the districts of the Presidency Division, 24-Parganas excepted.

Character of the season.—Good rain fell in September and October and there was sufficient moisture for the sowings which were commenced at the usual time. In November there was no rain except in Bihar and in parts of Chota Nagpur, where the fall was above the average. This was followed by a dry December. In January the rainfall was general and proved beneficial to the rabi crops, especially in Bihar. In February light showers fell in Darjeeling and in the districts of Orissa and Lower Bengal Sambalpur and Bankura excepted, but the prospect of the crops continued favourable. In Midnapore, Nadia, Murshidabad, Jessore, Cuttack and Ranchi certain rabi crops were reported to be suffering for want of timely rain. Heavy rain in March accompanied with hail did damage to the crops in some districts. The season has been favourable this year for the rabi crops, especially in Bihar.

Area sown.—The normal area under the different rabi crops in the province dealt with in the forecast is estimated at 8,288,800 acres. The area actually sown this year it reported to be 7,225,100 acres against 6,699,300 acres, the revised figure for last year. The increase in the area sown is due to there being sufficient moisture at the time of sowing.

Outturn.—The estimated percentage of outturn in the twenty-one districts where the crop is most important is as follows.—Saran 109, Patna and the Sonthal Parganas 100, Gaya 99, Burdwan 98, Muzaffarpur 97, Khulna 96, Purnea 95, Shahabad, Darbhanga and Singhbhum 90, Bhagalpur 86, Champaran 84, Palamau 82, Murshidabad 78, Midnapore 77, Monghyr 73, Jessore 68, Cuttack 66, Ranchi 60 and Nadia 56.

According to the District Officers' estimates the outturn of the different rabi crops for the province as a whole works out to 90 per cent. of the normal, i.e., the same per cent. as estimated last year, but from the reports it would appear that the total crop will not be less than the normal.

Accepting 100 per cent. as the outturn of the summer rice crop, the gross yield for the province works out to 1,089,600 cwts, as compared with 998,400 cwts. of last year.

DAILY EXPORTS—APRIL 27.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Castalia s—1,000 cwts wheat Sanday and Co ; 50 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co ; 56 bales wool, B Tulockchand ; 3 bales cotton, carpets, Thomas Cook and Sons ; 131 casks skins, Nizamudin ; 38 bales silk waste, David Sassoon and Co.

Clan Cumming s—6,020 cwts myrabollams, E Oomarsey ; 10,154 cwts myrabollams, K Keshavji.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Castalia s—2,970 cwts wheat and 3,960 cwts gingellyseed, John Fachiri ; 220 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 12,000 cwts wheat Ralli Bros.

Langton Hall s—400 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR GLASGOW.

Castalia s—10,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—9 bales cow hides and 1 bale skins, P E Boyce and Sons ; 2 bales woollen carpets, C Dinshaw and Co ; 45 casks goats skins, C N Stein ; 500 cwts myrabollams E Oomersey ; 8 bundles old rubber Mody and Co.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Langton Hall s—40 bales cotton, Greaves Cotton and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Corunna —4,000 cwts flaxseed Ralli Bros ; 8,000 cwts myrabollams, K Keshawji and Co ; 2 pots rosa oil Volkart Bros.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Corunna s—4,000 cwts myrabollams, W Bacher.

FOR BARCELONA.

Castalia s—220 bales cotton, Maneckji Jethabhai and Co ; 400 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

Langton Hall s—200 bales cotton, Bamji and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Clan Cumming s—165 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 1,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros ; 2,000 cwts groundnuts, K Dewchand and Co.

Humayun s—52 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 110 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Iddesleigh s—743 bales cotton, 6,600 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros ; 510 bales cotton Gaddum and Co ; 175 bales hemp, M Nathubhoi and Co.

Moltkefels s—110 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co ; 500 bales cotton, P Jethabhai ; 55 bales cottonfly, J K Janee ; 110 bales cotton, C Peeraj and Co ; 503 cwts myrabollams, M Bacher.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Clan Mackdougall s—240 cwts linseed, Sanday and Co.

Irismere s—4,000 cwts rapeseed and 4,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Sidmouth s—2,025 cwts myrabollams, Parekh Bros; 94 cwts gum, S Cooverji and Co ; 160 cwts gum P Jethabhoy : 110 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 226 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Iddesleigh s—115 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.

Humayun s—100 bales cotton, Forbes Forbes and Campbell.

Nuddia s—4,000 cwts linseed, 1,000 cwts rapeseed, K Devchand.

FOR HABABEY.

Dunbarmoor s—1,0 bales cotton, P. Vishram and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Koerber s—200 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Koerber s—110 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 376 bales cotton, A Blaschek and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Ceylon Maru s—1,250 cwts onions R E Dadachanji; 200 bales twist, M M Essabhai; 50 bales cotton, the Mitsui Busson Kaisha; 500 bales cotton, C Ebrahim and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Ceylon Maru s—200 bales twist, M M Essabhai ; 500 bales cotton, Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Ceylon Maru s—364 bales cotton, Forbes Forbes and Campbell; 200 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co; 416 bales cotton, the Mitsui Busson Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Co; 100 bales cotton W and A Graham and Co; 250 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co: 900 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 300 bales cotton, A Blaschek and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Ceylon Maru s—400 bales cotton, the Japan Cotton Trading and Co; 300 bales cotton, W and A Graham and Co.

FOR MOJI.

Ceylon Maru s—100 bales cotton N Rajaram and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Ceylon Maru s—300 bales cotton H N Madraswalla.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

DEATH.

BICKNELL.—April 20, at Falmouth, England, Howard Bicknell of Messrs. Bicknell Merwanji and Romer, Solicitors, Bombay. Deeply regretted by his partners, friends and office staff.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

PETER—April 23, at Royapuram, the wife of F. T. Peter, Personal Assistant to the Postmaster-General, Madras, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

CANNADAY—CHANDLER—April 19, in the East Gate Church, Madura, the Rev. Isaac Cannaday, of the Guntur American Lutheran Mission, to Helen E. Chandler, of the American Madura Mission.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Mail steamer "Salsette" due at 6 a.m.

Anjuman Zeya-ul-Islam, Annual General Meeting, 7-30 p.m. (B.T.)

Meetings of Mill Companies the Empress, the James Greaves, the Connaught, the Howard and Bullough, the Imperial and the Leopold Mills, Forbes-street, from 4-30 to 5-50 p.m.

Concert and Dance in aid of the Foundling Home, F. C. Institute, 9-30 p.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, three shows nightly, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Star Attraction. "Joan of Braganza." A Story of the Middle Ages.

Skating Rink: Practice Session, 8 to 9 a.m. Ladies' Session, 9 to 10 a.m., Evening Sessions, 6 to 8 p.m. Saturday nights, 9-30 to 11-30 p.m.

Maxim : "In your work distinguish between hurry and despatch: hurry is the mark of the weak mind, despatch of a strong one."

SURAT DISPENSARY.—Out-patients treated in the Maskati Charitable Dispensary at Kurwa Road of Surat in the month of March :—Men, 1,100 ; women, 1,623; children, 1,457 ; total 4,180.

GRAND CONCERT.—There will be a grand concert this evening at 9-30 (S. T), at the Framji Cowasji Hall in aid of the Foundling Home. The concert will be followed by a dance.

BOMBAY MOSLEM STUDENTS.—About fifty Moslem students were entertained by Mr. Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy at the Anjuman Islam Hall, Bombay, on Wednesday. Mr. I. S. Haji explained that it was hoped to hold similar gatherings each month, the object being to bring the young men of the community more in touch with their elders.

AN ACCIDENT.—At about eleven o'clock on Wednesday night, taxi cab No 1403 came down Haines Road from Worlee. It has been alleged that the cab was at full speed and ran into the gates of the railway level crossing, smashing them completely. The driver disappeared, leaving his cab there.

REPORTED THEFT.—A fisherwoman named Jumnabai, residing in a house at Koliwada, Worlee, has made a report to the police that some time during Wednesday night some one broke into her house while she was asleep, and carried away a wooden box containing ornaments of the value of Rs. 654 from a room. The box was subsequently found on the sea-shore minus the contents.

LAUNCH IN BOMBAY.—The barge "Malwa" was successfully launched at Sewree Ship Yard yesterday morning. She is built of iron throughout to Lloyd's class. She has a dead weight capacity of 100 tons and is intended for service in the harbour. On leaving the ways, the vessel was named by Mrs. Andreasen, wife of Capt. Andreasen of the s. s. "Gerd". This is the fourth vessel launched from Messrs. Chas. Brown and Co's slip way at Sewree this year.

BAND AT THE PRINCESS GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. J. S. McNeill, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 o'clock, this evening :—

March... ....Viva el Torero ....F. Popy
Fantasia Mosaique .. Ballet de Coppelia ...... Delibes
Grand Selection ...Les Contes d' Hoffmann Offenbach
Valse ....Lustige Bruder ....Vollstedt
Selection... ....Iolanthe ....Sullivan
Valse ....Pitchonnetta ....A. Bosc

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. H. R. Vaughan and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, will play the following programme of music at 6 o'clock, this evening :—

March ....Berliner Luft............Paul Lincke
Valse ....Un Premier Bouquet...Emile Waldteufel
Grand Selection ..Samson et Delilah... Saint-Saens.
Extracte and Ballet Music....Rosamunde ....Schubert
Tone Poem ....Finlandia ....Jean Sibelius
Selection ....The School Girl ....Leslie Stuart
Grande Overture..Solennelle 1812 ....Tschaikowsky

DEATH FROM APOPLEXY.—Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coronor, held an inquest at the Morgue yesterday touching the death of William Peters, aged 50, employed in the Electric Power House at Mazagon and residing at Ripon Road. It appeared from the evidence that the accused was coming out of the workshop on Wednesday afternoon, when he suddenly became giddy, and fell at the door of the workshop and became unconscious. Some of the workmen put him in a hack victoria and took him to his house. His wife after keeping him for some time there took him to the Sir J. J. Hospital, where he was refused admission on the ground that he was a Eurasian and that he should therefore be taken to the European General Hospital. He was being removed to the latter hospital, but he died before he could reach there and his body was removed to the Morgue. A "post mortem" examination showed that death was due to apoplexy. A verdict of death from apoplexy was recorded.

ST. GONSALO GARCIA OF BASSEIN.—Since the Bassein Fort has been taken charge of by Government, it is presenting year after year new developments and striking improvements. His Excellency the Governor and Lady Clarke, who visited the fort recently, must have got a better idea of its interior than did their predecessors who had visited the fort, for the streets and various edifices, civil and ecclesiastical, are now vastly improved, and brushwood and debris removed. Last Sunday the old city of the dead was changed into a city of the living, by hundreds of Catholics, the occassion being the pilgrimage in honor of St. Gonsalo Garcia, who was a native of the soil and brought up very likely in the very college whose ruins are attached to the south of the old Church of the Holy Name in which the devine services were held. Such a large concourse of people in various costumes assembling within the walls of the Fort, which is far away from the villages inhabited by the Christians of Bassein, was a striking and impressive scene. It will be remembered that the resuscitation of devotion to St. Gonsalo, P. the only Indian saint, way due to the work of Father. A. Fernandes, vicar of St. Andrend's Bandora.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper. Sold by Chemists, Grocers, etc.

WHAT BEING "RUN-DOWN" MEANS.

A Royal Physician's Statement.

In spite of all the ordinary precautions people take to safeguard their health and the care they habitually use in selecting their proper food, the time comes, sooner or later, when they feel more or less "slack," run-down, and below par.

Without enquiring the reason, people instinctively know that they need a tonic. The difficulty is to determine what tonic to use, for, as everyone is aware, most tonics, though they stimulate for the moment, have a depressing after-effect.

There is no such drawback with Sanatogen, which doctors universally call the "Tonic Food with lasting effects," because the gratifying sensation of health and well-being it imparts continues long after it has ceased to be taken.

It is universally admitted that nothing so admirably fills the needs of those who require a tonic as Sanatogen. The reason is that it not only improves the nutrition of the physical side of the body, but it also exercises a beneficial sway over the brain and nervous system, and has a profound influence in improving the quantity and quality of the red blood corpuscles, which are such potent factors in maintaining the health at its highest point.

In this connection Professor Tobold, who was Physican-in-Ordinary to the late Emperor Frederic, writes:—"Sanatogen has proved itself to be an admirable dietetic preparation in patients of mine whose nutrition was much below par."

Sanatogen may be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaars.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

("Bombay Government Gazette," April 27.)

Mr K G Gunjikar, Mamlatdar and Magistrate, Second Class, Karwar, in the district of Kanara, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

Mr Dattatraya Hari Tagare to act as Divisional Inspector of Agriculture, Northern Division, during the absence on leave of Mr Bhimbhai Morarji Desai or pending further orders.

Rao Bahadur Chunilal Harilal Setalvad, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for one month and nine days with effect from the 1st May.

Mr Gangaprasad Parbhulal Desai, L Ag, Extra Aval Karkun, Halol Mahal, is appointed Mahalkari for the same mahal.

The election of Mr V V Deolalkar, acting Mamlatdar of Malegaon, as Vice-President of the Malegaon Municipality, vice Mr G G Gokhale, resigned on transfer, is hereby approved.

On return from leave Mr Harumal Ramchand, Honorary Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Indus Right Bank Division to the Indus Left Bank Division.

The election of Mr Lakshman Narayan Joglekar, Mamlatdar, as Vice-President of the Taluka Local Board, Chalisgaon in the East Khandesh District, is approved.

Mr Ganesh Krishna Chitale to be President of the Municipality of Ahmednagar.

The privilege leave for three months with effect from the 21st January, granted to Mr John Bapty, District Excise Inspector, Karwar, Goa Frontier and Ankola, Kanara District (below-ghats), has been extended by three months' furlough on medical certificate, the acting arrangement already made being continued.

Assistant Surgeon D A Vaz, L M and S, has been placed on general duty at the J J Hospital, Bombay, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st April.

Mr G V Saraiya, First Class Subordinate Judge, Ahmedabad, to be also an Assistant Sessions Judge, to exercise jurisdiction in the Ahmedabad Sessions Court.

The powers of an Assistant Sessions Judge conferred on Mr Ezra Reuben, Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Belgaum, are withdrawn for the period during which Mr. G. V. Saraiya exercises the said powers.

Mr Ganpat Bapaji Deshmukh, residing at Chalisgaon, is appointed with effect from the 8th May, to be a Village Munsif.

The appointment of Mr Someshvar Haribhai Trivedi of Lasundra as a Conciliator in the Kapadvanj Taluka of the Kaira District, is cancelled.

Mr Dattatraya Jairam Pradhan is authorised to practise as a pleader in the Thana District.

Mr Krishnaji Moreshvar Phatak is authorised to practise as a pleader in the Poona District.

Mr Bandappa Revanshidappa Zunje is authorised to practise as a pleader in the Sholapur District.

Mr. Pandharinath Vaman Sapatnekar is authorised to practise as a pleader in the Sholapur District.

Mr Shankar Vaman Ghanekar, LL'B, is Sanad authorised to practise as a pleader in the Poona District.

Mr. Khanderav Bhimrav Deshpande is authorised to practise as a pleader in the Sholapur District.

Mr Chunilal Narottamdas Modi is authorised to practise as a pleader in the Surat District.

Mr. Raghunath Balkrishna Ektare is authorised to practise as a pleader in the Khandesh district.

Mr. Narayan Virupaksha Kurtkoti is authorised to practise as a pleader in the Dharwar District.

Mr. Anant Bhimrav Guledgudd is authorised to practise as a pleader in the Bijapur District.

Mr Gangadhar Ramchandra Bhate is authorised to practise as a pleader in the Satara District.

Mr Ramaji Vithal Kalsulkar, B A, LL B, authorised to practise as a pleader in the Ratnagiri District.

On return to duty on the expiration of his leave Mr Kasanji Ranchhodji Naik is appointed to do duty as Mamlatdar of Bulsar displacing Mr Dulabbhai Ragnathji who will revert to his substantive appointment. Mr. Gopal Vishnu Vaidya will continue to act as Mamlatdar of Kalyan, vice Mr Erachshah J Taleyarkhan appointed acting District Deputy Collector.

Mr Dulerai G Mehta, Huzur Deputy Assistant Political Agent, Mahi Kantha, is granted twenty days' privilege leave from the date of relief.

Mr. Balkrishna Purshotam Bhat, Excise Sub-Inspector, Deesa, has been granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 16th instant, and Pragji Bhimbhai, Excise Havildar, appointed to act for him.

Mr Martand Vinayak Dani, Head Karkun, taluka Peint, acted as Mamlatdar of that taluka from 15th to 26th March, both days inclusive, being the period intervening between the departure of Mr N S Pusalkar and the arrival of Mr G G Gokhale.

Mr Hanmant Krishna Kulhalli, Mamlatdar of Bankapur in the Dharwar District, is granted leave on medical certificate for one month with effect from the 26th March, and Mr Keshav Shrinivas Kalas, Head Karkun (Rs. 60), Ranebennur in the Dharwar District, is appointed to act for him from the 2nd instant. Mr Venkatesh Yelgurd Hulkop, acting Head Karkun, acted as Mamlatdar of Bankapur from 26th March to 1st April, both days inclusive.

Mr Shripad Venkatrao Koppikar, Head Karkun (Rs. 60), is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Kumta in the Kanara District, during the absence on privilege leave for one month and fifteen days of Mr. Moro Dinkar Vaidya.

Mr Manekram N Dewan, Excise Inspector, Viramgam, Ahmedabad District, has been granted privilege leave for one month and a half with effect from the 12th instant, and Mr Kumar Shri Merubha Mavsinghji, a candidate, appointed to act for him.

Mr J A Viegas, Excise Sub-Inspector, Bombay, has been granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 1st instant, and Mr S F Fonseca, a condidate, appointed to act for him.

Mr P J Rodrigues, Inspector, Anjarla Distillery, Ratnagiri District, has been granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 9th instant, and the following acting arrangement ordered : Mr V G Uplekar, Excise Sub-Inspector, Mandangad, to act as Inspector, Anjarla Distillery, vice Mr Rodrigues. Mr Y B Gaikwad, a candidate, to act as Sub-Inspector, Mandangad, vice Mr Uplekar.

Mr Vaghjibhai Motibhai Amin, Excise Sub-Inspector, Pardi, is transferred to Jalalpor in the Surat District.

POSSESSING COCAINE WITHOUT A LICENSE.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, one Abdul Rahman Kamruddin was charged with being in possession of 115 grains of cocaine without a license. It appeared from the evidence that the accused was walking along Chimna Butcher Street some time during Wednesday night, when he was arrested on suspicion and on being searched was found in possession of the cocaine. The accused was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 150, or, in default, to undergo on month's simple imprisonment.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGES.

Action on Committee's Report.

THE Committee appointed by the Syndicate of the Bombay University under the Indian Universities' Act, 1904, to inspect the colleges affiliated to the University, have made certain criticisms and recommendations in respect of Government colleges. The Governor in Council has given careful consideration to the remarks made by the Committee, and the accompanying statement of the action taken by Government is issued as a Press Note.

In the physical and chemical department of the Grant Medical College the physics students are accommodated in the laboratory by dividing the class into two sections. Government have decided to provide increased accommodation for this department by the addition of a block of two rooms at the east side of the present physics laboratory and by the construction of a hanging gallery for storing apparatus. It is scarcely accurate to say that the Chemical Analyser's department and the College chemical department occupy the same quarters. A scheme for new buildings for both of these is under consideration. Steps have been taken to improve the arrangement of seats in the chemistry lecture theatre and a suitable new demonstration table will be supplied. The lockers in the anatomical buildings were not intended for the reception of students' clothes but for books and dissecting instruments. A sufficient number of pegs for hanging coats has been provided. The matter has not been lost sight of. In the meantime there is still space available in the college compound for use as a play ground.

THE STUDENTS' QUARTERS.

Although the hostel has been designed with the students' rooms in two rows, back to back, in order to economize ground space, sufficient ventilation in proportion to the size of the rooms has been provided. The rooms have not proved so uncommodious to live in as was anticipated in some quarters and it has been ascertained that 80 rooms out of 120 have been occupied upto the present, Government are however, considering the question of increasing the supply of light and air in the building. Government have recently created four lectureships in the College, one of which is on diseases of the ear, nose and throat. After mature consideration Government have arrived at the conclusion that in view of the qualifications required, the Indian Medical Service is likely to provide the man best fitted for the post of Principal. Steps are being taken to increase the college staff by the appointment of full-time professors of anatomy and pathology (or physiology.)

ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE BUILDING.

The suggestion of a new wing further from the noise of the traffic was considered by the Hon'ble Mr. Sharp when he was Principal. It has again been carefully reconsidered by the present Principal Mr. Covernton. The Record Office has nothing to offer in exchange for the space now occupied by the college in the south wing, nor for the Principal's quarters; these therefore, must remain in the occupation of the College. In the west wing (Record Office) it would be possible to provide as many rooms as the College now occupies in the east wing. Nevertheless the College would lose by the exchange, for it possesses four wide verandahs, and eight rooms in these verandahs, which the Record Office lacks. The verandahs are not only useful overflow spaces for students to sit in, but also make it possible to keep windows and doors open in all weathers. The eight rooms are used as professors' rooms and small lecture-rooms: they are necessary and could only be provided on the west side by cutting up large rooms with partitions. But the Record Office has no verandahs on the west and the windows are small; in the monsoon it would be necessary to keep all the windows shut, thus darkening the rooms and interfering with ventilation. The Record Office having no central staircase, access to it is not so easy for a crowd of students, and there would be more disturbance of the classes by persons passing to and fro. The arrangement of lavatories and latrines would have to be completely altered so as to give access to them from the other side. The recent expenditure on electric light and fans for the College would be wasted. A concrete floor has recently been constructed in the Record Office which has nothing corresponding to it in the college, and therefore that expenditure would have to be repeated. Lastly, the Principal's quarters are only accessible from the east side, and students and others wishing to see him would have to pass through the Record Office, which would probably be inconvenient for the latter. Nor would the Record Office gain by the exchange, unless it enclosed the front verandahs, which would spoil the appearance of the building. For, the reasons stated above the proposed exchange of wings is not feasible. When the Central Institute of Science is established, science classes of the Elphinstone College will be transferred to it. The accommodation thus set free will then be available for classes in other subjects. With reference to the suggestion to rebuild the hostel on a more suitable site, it should be observed that there is no more suitable site within easy reach of the College. Some time before the Committee's report was received, the plans and estimate, the latter amounting to Rs. 27,658, for making additions and alterations to the hostel in question had been sanctioned by Government. The work has now been carried out with the exception of two small items which will be completed shortly. Some further additions and alterations have been suggested and the subject is under consideration. Science teaching will be placed on an efficient footing when it is concentrated in the Institute of Science.

GOVERNMENT LAW SCHOOL.

The committee were asked by the College staff to draw attention to the need that they feel of a strengthening of the teaching power of the College by the addition of two lecturers to the staff. Another solution of this difficulty would be to assign a little more lecturing to the members of the existing staff. If the Principal of the School is of opinion that additional teaching staff is necessary, he should submit proposals to the Director of Public Instruction who will address Government, if he is satisfied of the necessity. The Principal has been informed accordingly.

DECCAN COLLEGE.

The manuscripts are in the direct charge of the Professor of Sanskrit in the Deccan College, and it would be impossible for him to supervise them and the work of his assistant in connection with them if they were removed to a distance. The only other officer under whom they could be appropriately placed would be the Professor of Sanskrit in the Elphinstone College, but the manuscripts cannot be removed to Bombay on account of its damp climate which would tend to the speedy destruction of many of them. Having regard to these considerations, Government have decided that collection of manuscripts should continue to remain in the Deccan College, that the existing lecture hall for B.A. students should be utilized for housing them, and that a new lecture hall should be constructed when funds permit. When the revised curricula for Arts and Science examinations which are under consideration of the University are framed, Government will consider what science courses should be taught at the Deccan College, and will take steps to ensure that the teaching is efficient.

COLLEGE OF SCIENCE.

Steps are being taken to provide the College with an adequate engineering laboratory. In connection with the provision for the teaching of geology in the College Sir T. H. Holland, late Director, Geological Survey of India, was consulted by this Government. He expressed the opinion that geological systems in this country are distinct from those taught in Europe, and that a geological professor imported from Europe would have little knowledge of Indian conditions. For this and other reasons this Government arranged for the deputation of an officer of the geological Survey Department to the College for the teaching of geology from June to September each year. Last year the deputation of the officer was extended upto the end of December to enable him to complete the arrangement and cataloguing of the new geological museum. An officer of the Educational Department has now been appointed to be Principal ; but Government are not prepared to lay down definitely that the Principal shall always be an officer of the Educational Department.

The authorities of the Zoological Gardens, London, have acquired a healthy sea elephant, which is the only specimen of its kind in England.

Tired Feeling?

Prof. JAMES'

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The ideal, natural, positive remedy for that tired feeling.
Gives a good appetite, makes you strong. Makes you feel good and look good.
Makes rich, red blood.
Builds up run down systems, increases vital force, clears mentality.
Corrects all faults of stomach, blood, liver and bowels.
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For students and the aged.
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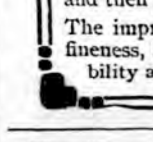

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B I S N Company's steamer Lalpoora, 2,124 tons, Captain C R King, arrived here from Busreh April 14, via Karachi and Coast ports with a general cargo and 15 deck passengers.

The steamer Harpenden, 2,301 tons, Captain A G Cromack, sailed yesterday for Calcutta with ballast.

The steamer Mira, 2,397 tons, Captain G Saunders will sail to-day for Portsaid via Karachi.

The steamer Braziliana, 2,438 tons, Captain J Snowdon, sailed yesterday for Calcutta with ballast.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Fox........Capt Allen......T Hunt, C S I, R N... Royal Navy
H M S Sphinx.........Comdr J Harvey R N......Special Service Steamer
R I M S Elphinstone.........Lt Comdr A St C Bowden R I Marine
R I M S General Brackenbury ......Lt Comdr Robinson Target Towing Steamer

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—April 27.

Rance.........3794 Collyer..................P & O S N Co
Brinkburn.........2420 Jelland ....W & A G & Co
Budrie.........1613 Jones ....B & P S N Co
Birmingham.........2612 McCarter...T Morrison & Co
Claverek.........2440 Taylor...W & A Graham & Co
Gerd ....751 Andreasen ......F F Campbell & Co
Gymerio.........2558 Williams ....E Tajbhoy
Lindula.........2183 Butler ....M M & Co
Lalpoora.................2124 King..................M M & Co
Nadir ....2041 White...Calcutta...T Morrison & Co
Okara.........3437 Kedslie ... Stream...N F....M M & Co
Persia ....4198 Haughton ....P & O Co
Rance..............3634 McLinnan.......T Morrison & Co
Saifi .... 502 Baldwin ....B & P S N Co
Shah Jehan ....2566 Born ....Shah S N Co
Shirley.........2219 Stone..................The Bombay Co
Trigonia.........1052 Hofman......Indo Burma Petro Co
Warora.........2564 Maude ....N F.....M M & Co
Zillah...............2412 Webber..........T Morrison & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—April 27.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel. Ton. Capt. Dest. Date. Agents.
A Clan Cumming......3108 Gourlay ...Liverpool......6-5 W & A Graham & Co
B King Edward ...2831 Dames......Antwerp.............2-5 W & A Graham & Co
C&R Ellerslie......2187 Whitehead.......Amsterdam...1-5 W & A Graham & Co
D&E Langton Hall...2382 Clement...Manchester...30-4 Killick Nixon & Co
G Nuddia......1944 Davidson ....6-5....M M & Co
H Islami...1604 Green...Mauritius...27-4...B&P S N Co
K Iddesleigh......2582 Cutcheon......Hamburg.......8-5 T Morrison & Co
M Irishmore.........2326 Hunter ....Dunkirk ..... 29-4 W & A Graham & Co
N Dumbarmoor......2331 Owens.....Rotterdam.......3-5 W & A Graham & Co
O Kanzler...2865 Schutt...Durban...19-5 ....A S & Co
P Clan Stuart......2215 Walker ...Malabar Coast......3-5 J Finlay & Co
Q Corunna......2458 Chuckney ...Philadelphia.......27-4 W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Beekbergen...2447 De Hind.........Antwerp...29-4 T Morrison & Co
2 Cabalia ....4081 Hamilton...Liverpool .....7-5 W & A Graham & Co
4 Dandolo..........3197 Giacopello......Venice S N Co
5 Moltkefels ......3084 Schneider...Karachi ......4-5 W & A Graham & Co
6 Homayun..........2152 Mblony ......Genoa.......10-5 B & P S N Co
7 Koerber...3163 Foresti...Trieste...1-5...A L S N Co
8 Clan McDougalla...2976 Sterling...Dunkirk...29-1 James Finlay & Co
15 Ceylon Maru.........3142 Pyne.........Kobe...... 5-5 N Y Kaisha
16 Sidmouth ....2605 Jones ......Antwerp......29-4 T Morrison & Co

H W P D

Arabia...4098 Palmer...London ...6-5.............P & O Co

ARRIVALS.

Apl.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
27	Lalpoora	King	Busreh, Apr 14

DEPARTURES.

Apl.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
27	Harpenden	Cromack	Calcutta
	Kola	Morrison	Persian Gulf &c
	Chanda	Tice	Antwerp &c
	Braziliana	Snowdon	Calcutta

The steamer Mira, Saunders for Portsaid via Karachi, obtained her port-clearance yesterday.

The steamer Lalpoora, for Coast ports and Calcutta, entered for loading yesterday.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

April	Vessels.	From
14	Flamingo	Calcutta
21	Mutlah	Calcutta
22	Clan Chattan	Liverpool
23	Kybfels	Antwerp
24	Tara	Straits
25	Bangala	Negapatam
25	Futtala	Rangoon

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Anchor Line steamer Olympia, arrived at Liverpool from Bombay on the morning of the 26th instant.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Forbes, left Liverpool on the morning of the 26th instant and the same Co.'s steamer Clan Cameron, arrived at London on the evening of the 25th instant.

The B I S N Co's steamer Colaba, left London on the evening of the 25th instant and the same Co's steamer Chupra, arrived at Antwerp on the afternoon of the 26th instant.

The Ellerman Line steamer Trafford Hall, left Liverpool for Bombay on the evening of the 25th instant.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 28th April.

340. Musketry.—The Miniature Range at Head-Quaters will be open for practice on Saturdays from 2 to 5 p.m. until further orders.

345. Members in possession of any article of Equipment will please return the same to Head-Quarters at once.

346. Adjutant's Office—It is notified for information that the Adjutant's Office and Armoury at the New Head-Quarters, Council Road, will be open from 1st proximo.

Miniature Range, Clothing Stores &c will remain at Carnac Road.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	10	2	3
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	4	5	17
C Market Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Tanao, and Kumbharwada	8	8	14
D [illegible], Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	3	3	10
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	7	4	27
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	4	5	11
G Mahim and Worli	4	5	10
Harbour	0	0	0
Hospital	0	7	15
Total......	40	39	107
This day last year	53	42	117

Bombay Gazette.

SPLENDID SERIES OF EIGHT CORONATION ARTICLES,

By a Brilliant Triumvirate :—

The DUKE of ARGYLL
Mr. A. C. FOX-DAVIES
Mr. PHILIP GIBBS

WE have arranged for the following series of Special Coronation Articles, which will appear in the columns of the *Bombay Gazette*, as follows :—

May 6th—The Royal Dynasty
May 13th—The Crown and Regalia
May 20th—Robes and Coronets for the Coronation
May 27th—The Hereditary Coronation Officers
June 3rd—The Coronation Ceremony.

By A.C. Fox-Davies, of Lincoln's Inn, Barrister-at-Law. Editor of Armorial Families and late editor of Dod's Peerage. Author of The Complete Guide to Heraldry, Their Majesties' Court, The Book of Public Arms, &c., &c.

N.B.—Mr. Fox-Davies is recognised as the chief living writer on Heraldry. His first brief was the Norfolk Peerage case, and he was paid a record first brief fee. He made his first speech in public at the bar of the House of Lords. He has been appointed one of the officers for the Coronation ceremony in the Abbey.

June 10th—Westminster Abbey: Its Glories and Eventful History

By Philip Gibbs. Author of The Street of Adventure, &c., &c.

June 17th } Modern Kingship
June 22nd } (Two Articles)

By His Grace the Duke of Argyll, K. T., Hereditary Master of the Royal Household, Scotland ; Keeper of the Great Seal of Scotland ; Governor and Constable of Windsor Castle.

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BRAND	Price. Rs.	a.	p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg............	6	0	2	per case
White Rose, 150 deg...........	5	12	2	„ „
Chester, 125 deg	4	12	2	„ „
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg...	4	8	2	„ „
Monkey, 125 deg..................	4	8	2	„ „
Elephant, 125 deg...............	3	10	0	per two tins.
„ 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3	0	0	per 8 gallons.

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Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 28th April, 1911.

BOMBAY FORESTS.

The new report of the Forest Department of the Bombay Presidency is interesting, if long and rambling. We do not hear of any friction between Forest officers and villagers, though many offences were committed, both in the way of wilful firing and illicit grazing. Results have been satisfactory and the financial outcome is a considerable surplus. But the administration leaves much to be desired. We find that on account of the continued deferment of the reorganisation scheme for the subordinate office staff, it is extremely difficult to get officers to fill vacancies. Consequently unsuitable men have to be appointed. This is regarded by the compiler of the report as a most serious matter, but he understands that nothing can be done to hasten sanction of the reorganisation scheme. The loss of officers due to resignations last year was double that of the previous period and was very heavy. The state of the Department is well-known to Government and the Conservator of the Central Circle states with confidence that as matters now stand the Forest Department is not in a position to conduct its operations either effectively or honestly. In the Southern Circle much discontent prevails. The guards do not care for a service which is both badly paid, hard-worked, unpopular and unhealthy. Many of them take leave without permission and do as they like generally, having nothing to lose thereby. Most of them do not expect a pension, which at the best is very small, and they are aware of the difficulty of recruitment. The same spirit is reported in a more or less remarkable degree throughout the protective establishment. In the clerical branch, the demoralisation is even more apparent. There is said to be hardly a competent head clerk left in the Department with energy enough to do the work demanded of him. The best men who have been able to get work elsewhere have resigned; the younger men are continually looking out for chances in other departments. The old men, too far advanced in years to hope for betterment elsewhere, have to work, all their time and overtime, to keep things going, while an undesirably large portion of the time of divisional officers is necessarily spent at office work and the call for class supervision over field operations is increasing in proportion to the expanding revenue. The scheme for reorganisation seems to be no nearer sanction than it was when first sent in. The Forest Department seems to be merely the step-daughter of Government. The pay is unquestionably poor and this is a source of real hardship on a deserving body of Government servants and the cause of deep and widespread dissatisfaction. A temporary expedient pending final orders is advocated by responsible officers.

Under the heading of "Protection" we find a twelve per cent. rise in the Panch Mahals in the number of unauthorised fellings; petty thefts of head-loads of green fuel in the Dohad and Jhalod ranges. The rise is attributed to the action of sawkars, who took as much as possible, both in money and kind, from the Bhils indebted to them after a good harvest and some of the poorer members of the Bhil community took to looting head-loads of green fuel for sale in the neighbouring villages and towns in the hot weather season. The law could not reach the sawkars unfortunately, though they were really at the bottom of the offences, but notwithstanding their operations, the Department officers are convinced that there has been an improvement in protection under this head, as cases of heavy loot in forests are becoming less and less common as the years roll on. Fires are a greater source of loss than either petty theft or unauthorised felling and grazing. In the Panch Mahals the Bhils cause the greatest number of offences, whilst in Kolaba it seems the engines of the G. I. P. Railway are responsible for some big fires every year as the line has not been properly fire-traced up to now, but steps are to be taken to remedy the defect. In Central Thana the experiment was continued of giving the villagers the option of undertaking the responsibility of fire-protection themselves; in the event of good protection the money which would have been spent on fireguards being paid to the villagers instead. With the exception of the village of two blocks are the forest villages of the Range chose this method of taking responsibility themselves. The result in protection was good and it was possible to distribute money among the villagers which would under the usual system have been spent on fire-watchers. The villages of two blocks were warned that their privileges would be suspended if there was further neglect in forest fire protection, and the Collector has been asked to suspend the grazing privilege in one village where the villagers did not turn out to extinguish a fire until their houses were in danger and the fire had been burning two days. Sind Circle suffered most from fire, 19,442 acres being destroyed.

Due attention appears to have been paid to sylviculture. In Thana the teak seeded well, but the natural reproduction of teak from seed cannot be said to be good in the Thana forests. Satisfactory explanation of this fact has not yet been given. Species other than teak reproduce themselves well. In Surat favourable rains and continued absence of fires have to be favourably upon natural reproduction and the number of seedlings in forest is increasing yearly and blanks are filling up so that the prevention of fire becomes if possible more urgent than before now that there is a valuable crop of seedlings. In the Panch Mahals thirty-three per cent of the teak seed was attacked by a borer and the defoliating insect arrested the proper development of the seed. The scanty crop is believed to be due to this attack. As regards East Khandesh, the divisional officer declares that in his most important forest—the Satpuras, the possibilities of natural reproduction—given fair treatment of man and cattle—strike him as leaving nothing to be desired, particularly in the case of the teak; the strong healthy regrowth of this species in certain areas at the back of the Chopda range, where villages are scarce, cattle trespass practically nil and where fire protection has been continuously successful for some years, is most noticeable. In the matter of artificial reproduction sufficiently extensive operations appear to be proceeding. In Thana babul and nimb sowing, in the Khardi range, has been successful and nimb thrives so well on the flat treeless plateaus that it might with advantage be tried more extensively. Four experimental rubber plantations are reported upon and the general conclusions are that castillon will never succeed. Ficus elastica may; the existing plants look quite healthy, but their growth is very slow and it will be many years before any rubber can be obtained from this tree. Para cannot be definitely reported upon, but ceara does well and requires little or no watering. Some plants sown in 1907 have already seeded and a few self-sown seedlings have come up. This species it is believed may do well in the Konkan forests; but whether the yield of rubber will be sufficient in quality and quantity to pay remains to be seen.

New Ecclesiastical Appointments. The changes consequent on the relinquishment of the See of Winchester by Dr. Ryle on his acceptance of the Deanery of Westminster at the beginning of the year, have just been completed by the nomination of Dr. Hubert Burge to the See of Southwark, vacated by Dr. Talbot on his translation to Winchester. The Bishop of Jarrow, suffragan to the Bishop of Durham, had been at first nominated to Southwark, but he has now withdrawn his acceptance on grounds of ill-health. This is much to be regretted, as Dr. Nickson is a young man, being only 46, and Dr. Burge who takes his place is two years older. But Southwark is a large diocese with two suffragans to assist its bishop, those of Woolwich and Kingston-on-Thames, and the work is heavy and requires a man with robust health to cope with it. It was only lately that Southwark was carved out of the vast diocese of London, and already the Bishop's work is growing heavy even with two suffragans to assist him. Dr. Burge is a distinguished educationist and is at present head master of Winchester. He was formerly also a master at Wellington College under its former head-master Dean Wickham, the son-in-law of the late Mr. Gladstone. Dr. Burge is himself the son-in-law of Dr. Franck Bright, the son of the famous Dr. Bright, who gave his name to Bright's Disease, and is well known for his history of England in five volumes, much used by students at this and other Universities. Dr. Bright was for a quarter of a century the head of University College, where Dr. Burge was educated and of which he is a distinguished member. He has hitherto held no ecclesiastical post and has yet to prove his churchmanship for which his See will afford him good opportunities. His predecessor, Dr. Talbot, was very successful during the six years that he held the See to which he was translated from Rochester after ten years' hard work. Dr. Burge is fortunate in in coming to his new diocese straight from a headmastership.

The other ecclesiastical appointment announced this week is that of Rev. William Inge to be Dean of St. Paul's in succession to the veteran Dr. Gregory, who has vacated this important post on reaching his ninety-third year. The new Dean is only in his fifty-first year and may be expected to have a long tenure of this post if indeed he will not accept one of the bishoprics which are very usually offered to the Deans of St. Paul's. Dean Church, the immediate predecessor of Dr. Gregory, was twice offered the Archbishopric of Canterbury, but he preferred to remain at St. Paul's to the end of his long life. Dr. Inge is a distinguished classical scholar, and son of a well known Oxford don, who was long the head of Worcester College, Oxford. He preferred to go to Cambridge, where he was educated at King's College, though he returned later to Oxford as tutor of Hertford College. His first book written when he was only twenty-five, was a brilliant sketch of Roman society under the early empire, which showed promise of a larger work on the same fascinating subject. But that promise has not yet been fulfilled. He has since made mysticism his special study and written several books on its various phases and manifestations,—especially religious,—among the nations of Europe. His Bampton lectures, which he was selected to deliver at the rather early age of thirty-eight are also on this subject and deal with mysticism in relation to Christianity, and are very effective on their literary side. He married a grand-daughter of Dr. Goodwin, late Bishop of Carlisle, noted as an able mathematician. The Bishop's daughters married two brothers, one of whom is now Warden of New College, Oxford, and editor of Tacitus' Histories, and the other is Canon of Canterbury and father-in-law of Dr. Inge.

The New Cricket Scoring. The Marylebone Cricket Club announces some modification of its original decision in regard to the new scoring for the county championship. It is to be hoped for the good of cricket that they will, before very much longer, settle the much-needed question, which is the best method of scoring. It is certainly a difficult matter to decide in a competition in which it is infeasible that each team should meet each of the others twice in one season, and so ensure as nearly as possible an equal test of all, but it is high time that it was definitely decided in some manner, even if quite the best manner be not discovered. One hesitates to fix the number of different systems by which the scoring in the county cricket championship has been reckoned in recent years, and this continual altering of conditions of the principal annual competition in England's chief summer sport is growing to a length which is intolerable. Unfortunately, the present system does not, at present, seem to hold forth any greater hopes of becoming permanent than any of its predecessors. It is, of course, unfair to judge it until it has been given a practical trial, but at first sight it possesses the fault of being somewhat complicated and laboured. And experience shows that as a rule, schemes which have not the merit of simplicity betray weaknesses in actual practice, which frequently arise from the very care itself which has been taken to give due allowance to every point. In this case, it was first proposed that the winners of a completed match should score five points and in an uncompleted match the side which had scored the higher total in the first innings should have three points Now, for some reason or other, it has been decided that the team which scored less on the first innings shall get a point also. It was evidently thought that three points, more than half the number awarded to the winner of a completed match, were too great an advantage to give to a winner on the first innings only. But it seems a strange way of adjusting the matter to award a team one point after having done nothing towards scoring a win, We shall be interested to see in the mail papers what arguments were advanced in its favour; but at present, while the proportion of points may be fair enough as between the two teams in a particular match the awarding of this one point to the loser seems very likely to work unfairly against the other teams in the competition, when the season's reckoning has to be made. The new decision about the toss is also likely to be the subject of heated discussion. While in some games the choice of innings is of very little value, in others it may be almost equivalent to a decision of the match, and in such circumstances it will certainly seem hard that the choice should go automatically to either team. No doubt, the old system of tossing at each match will still have many and strenuous advocates.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s. s. "Himalaya" arrived at Suez, from Colombo on the morning of the 26th instant.

The P. and O. S. N. Company's s. s. "Mantua," with the homeward mails of the 22nd instant, arrived at Aden, at 5-30 p. m. on Wednesday.

The P. and O. S. N. Company's s. s. "Egypt," with the outward mails of the 21st instant, passed Suez, at 3 a. m., yesterday.

Information has been received from Quetta that there has been trouble in the Kharan State, where the irregular troops appear to have mutinied and killed the Chief of the State.

No further cases are reported in connection with the outbreak of plague amongst the 1st Royal Scots at Allahabad, but there was a second death on Wednesday. There is only one case now left.

At a recent meeting of the promoters of the Bengal Co-operative Navigation Company it was unanimously decided to transfer all their funds, amounting to several lakhs, to the hands of the Bombay Navigation Company.

Fifty books, selected under the late Mr. Alfred Huth's Will from the celebrated Huth Library, will shortly be added to the British Museum. The bequest equals the cream of the Grenville collection, and includes wonderful manuscripts, rare French and German incunabula, and many other treasures.

During the week ended April 22nd 70 chests of opium were removed from the Bombay Warehouse of which 59 were for shipment to China. Three were purchased by the farmer at Godhra and the remaining eight were for Broach. Nine cases were imported during the week from Indore.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending April 22 was 901, giving a death-rate of 47·91 per annum per thousand as against 45·52 the corresponding period of last year, and 64·18 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 65 died from fevers, 305, plague ; 17, small-pox ; 16, measles ; 2, leprosy ; 33, phthisis ; 32, diseases of the nervous system ; 174 affections of the respiratory organs ; 38, diarrhoea ; 17, dysentery ; 23, still-born ; 86, old age and debility ; 10, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 29 ; Brahmin, 35 ; Lingaet, 4 ; Bhattia, 7 ; Hindu of other caste, 463 ; Hindu low caste, 67 ; Musalman, 201 ; Parsis, 41 ; Jew, 4: Native Christian, 35; Eurasian, 4; European 9. The total number of births was 334 as against 324 for the corresponding period of last year, and 338 the average over the past five years.

WOMEN INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, April 7.

ROYAL WELCOME.

The Queen, accompanied by the Prince of Wales and Prince Albert, yesterday, paid her promised visit to Kensington, the royal borough in which she was born. The original intention of her Majesty was to visit the National Industrial Home for Crippled Boys in Wright's-lane, but this had to be cancelled, because of an outbreak of measles at the institution. Her Majesty, however, did not wish to cause any disappointment, and so it was arranged that she could receive an address from the loyal inhabitants, and should also drive past the cripples, home at a walking pace—an arrangement which delighted the inmates. In spite of the cold wind, and the light fall of snow, which came down during most of the afternoon, her Majesty rode in an open carriage, accompanied by the two Princes. A start was made from Buckingham Palace at 3-15, the Queen's carriage being drawn by four bay horses. The route from Kensington Gardens onward was gaily decorated with flags and bunting. At Buckingham Palace a crowd gathered outside the gates, and cheered her Majesty and the Princes as they drove round the corner to Constitution Hill. The royal party then drove via Hyde Park, Kensington Gardens, Kensington-Road, and Kensington High-street to the open space in front of St. Mary Abbott's Church, where a group of the leading citizens and ladies of Kensington were waiting to meet them.

HOME FOR CRIPPLED BOYS.

After taking leave of the Mayor and Aldermen, the royal party was driven along High-street to Wrights-lane where the Crippled Home is situated. The royal carriage drove very slowly when passing the National Industrial Home for Crippled Boys, as promised by the Queen and the progress of the royal visitors was watched by many eager faces at the windows, her Majesty bowing to the little inmates. The royal carriage also drove very slowly when passing the workhouse and infirmary in Marloes-road, and the Queen and the Princes then returned direct to Buckingham Palace. A guard of honour was furnished in High-street by the 13th (Kensington) Battalion of the County of London Regiment under Lieut.-Colonel F. G. Lewis.

CROWNING OF THE QUEEN.

The Archbishop of York, in his monthly letter, after expressing a hope that steps will be taken in every town and parish to enable the people to take an earnest and intelligent part in the great solemnity of the Coronation, adds: "There is one matter in connection with it which is naturally of special interest in the Northern Province. It has been already announced that the Archbishop of Canterbury will crown both the King and Queen. There was before the last Coronation and there is still, a widespread notion that the crowning of the Queen belongs as of right to the Archbishop of York. I am anxious to make it clear that there was and is no foundation for that notion. Until the Coronation of King Edward and Queen Alexandra, there was no real precedent for the Coronation of the Queen by the Archbishop of York. There were special and personal circumstances with the last Coronation and with the health and age of the Archbishop of Canterbury which led King Edward to sanction the crowning of Queen Alexandra by the Archbishop of York; but it was expressly stated that this was not a right, and it was understood that it was not to be regarded as a precedent. In the forthcoming Coronation it has been decided to adhere strictly to historical precedent; but in order that the Archbishop of the Northern Province should have some special place assigned to him in the solemnities of the ceremony, the King has been pleased to command him to preach the sermon."

CORONATION.

The music for the Coronation is to be English and for this relief much thanks. There is a certain dreariness about English operas, and even English ballads, but about the stately charm of our sacred music there can be no two opinions, and the anthems of Handel, whom we look upon as English, and the measures of Purcell, Orlando Gibbons and Tallis are curiously in accord in our minds with the atmosphere of our wonderful Abbey. "Zadok the Priest," the anthem written by Handel for George II's Coronation will be given pride of place at the Coronation of King George V., and new marches by our talented new composers will be played during the procession and the recession in the Abbey.

FLOWERS.

Queen Mary loves carnations and, of course, as they are an old English flower, she means that her Coronation bouquet shall be made up of them, with their beautiful complement of gray-green spikey leaves. There is another flower, I am reminded, that is a favourite with the Queen. It is that tiny red and streaked-with-white tulip you find on the shores of the Riviera : I know the flower was sent to her in such numbers by friends one day from Cannes last week, that you could not get a little tulip for love or money in the market there!

WOMEN IN CHINA.

The position and work of women in China were described in a lecture at the Lyceum Club yesterday, by Dr. Jamei Kui, a Chinese woman doctor of medicine who graduated in America. The women of the Celestial Empire do not hold an inferior position, she said: "On the contrary, the part assigned to woman is so important that, in a sense, the man is dependent on her. But where we differ from Western methods is especially in the fact that the young Chinese woman counts for little beside the older woman, the mother who has all the authority. "It is no easy matter to direct a Chinese household. Apart from the housekeeping, with its complicated preserve and sweet making, and even weaving, there is all the social etiquette which must be observed. Even though women do not go out into society, they have plenty of social functions to keep them busy in their own families. The patriarchal family institution exists with us, and to realise what this means one need only open the Bible and read about Abraham's household." At a dinner party, added the lecturer, any guest may be accompanied by a retinue of from ten to twenty-five servants, and the housewife must cater for them, as well as tip them.

A WOMAN'S GENIUS.

Speaking at a Mansion House meeting in support of the Florence Nightingale Memorial yesterday, Viscount Haldane said that it was peculiarly incumbent on the Minister responsible for the War Department in this country to be present. What they owed in the Army to that illustrious woman, Florence Nightingale, it was not easy to express fully. They possessed to day one of the finest Army medical services in the world, and to whom did they owe that? Largely to the spirit of her who, penetrating with her genius the obscurity of those dark days long ago, gave the impulse and set on foot a movement which had to-day culminated in a wholly new state of things.

A SUFFRAGETTE.

Lord Haldane was here interrupted by a lady who rose and started making some remarks about women suffrage. She was received by expressions of disapproval and the Lord Mayor, who presided, rose and asked her either to sit down or leave the hall. The woman, after trying to make some further remarks, elected to leave the hall, and walked out escorted by three policemen.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE.

Lord Haldane, continuing, said that Florence Nightingale did not go to the Crimea inspired merely by the impulse of genius. For years she had worked to equip herself, and she was prepared for her work as few people had prepared themselves for any work they had to undertake. Even genius could not make up for the want of knowledge of detail, and if genius were an infinite capacity for taking pains, than Miss Nightingale was an illustration of genius (applause). In the trenches of the Crimea she found a state of things which to-day would seem inconceivable. She knew what it meant. She set to work, and the result was an achievement which had lasted beyond her time. Never again it was safe to say, would they be face to face with the situation which confronted Miss Nightingale, and and never gain would they have to call upon such abilities as hers to surmount a situation which is indeed seemed unsurmountable. Her labours did not end with the Crimea. She came home not to rest, but to put the lesson she had to teach in such a form that there would be no excuse for the authorities in neglecting it. From that time the progress had been steady, but Miss Nightingale herself, although her health was shattered, never laid down her task until released by death. To-day it was not only the Army, but the medical profession throughout the United Kingdom and abroad—for her work extended beyond the confines of this Island—who had learned from what she had to show them, where it was that silence could be best and most effectively applied. Her countrymen might well be proud to have had one of the foremost women of this or any other age amongst them. Her example was a potent to-day as ever and with her name would always be associated the memory not only of one of the foremost personalities of her time, but of a woman who had been a living example for them all (applause.)

A WOMAN'S HOSPITAL.

The wondrous achievements of modern surgery were once again demonstrated at the Governors' meeting of the Chelsea Hospital for Women, when Lord Castlereagh presided for the first time as the new President of this most useful of the medical charities. Can the lay mind conceive that out of the 859 operations performed in the year on poor and suffering womankind, of which 500 cases were called "major operations," because the chance of life or death was held highly in the balance, that only 1·7 per cent. of all these cases terminated fatally! In other words, that more than 98 out of every 100 of the patients were cured. In the pre-Lister days nearly as many died as are now saved in each 100 operated on for the more serious diseases to which womankind is peculiarly subjected. Mr. Inglis-Parsons, one of the Surgeons, disclosed the delightfully feminine feeling of the poor patients who with all their trials and sufferings heavy upon them, begged that the ladies who visited th
words might wear their prettiest clothes
millinery. Most of the lady
kindly feeling, refrain from dressing
these occasions, but "it does us
fashions" pleaded one poor sufferer,
to express exactly the view of the
are bearing some of woman's hea
they are still women.

ROYAL CHA

In a year of brilliant
1911, promises to be
of all such functions
place on May 18, at
of the Prince Fran
the Middlesex Ho
patronage of P
Holstein, Princes
xander of Teck (
Duke and Duchess
graciously signified their
Taking place as it does in t
morial to the Queen Victoria is
Middlesex Hospital ball will be the first
social event before the Coronation, and its s
is assured in advance. Doubtless several of
Colonial delegates to the Imperial Conference w
be present. The large alcove where the fountain play overlooking the Winter Garden, will be converted into a box, and here supper will be served to the Royal party. This box will accommodate about twenty. The floor of the alcove will be extended over the steps leading into the winter garden, thus giving additional space. The box will be festooned with flowers, choice orchids predominating. Fancy dress will be indispensable but for the convenience of some gentlemen who may not wish to undergo the fatigue of changing into fancy costume, Venetian domino cloaks will be provided. At present the price of tickets (inclusive of supper, wine, buffet, &c.) is £3 3s. but it is expected the price will be raised considerably before the actual day of the ball. Only 1,500 tickets will be sold and the issue will be strictly limited to that number. Already applications have been received from America and Germany.

A WOMAN ARCHITECT.

Miss Fay Kellog, a successful New York architect, has been giving her opinion of the profession as a career for women to an American newspaper representative. Miss Kellog's studio has nothing about it to suggest that it is essentially the office of a woman ; nor is her drafting room in any way different from that where men draw their plans. Natural aptitude for the work seems to have been in her character from early days; when other girls were playing with dolls this potential designer of homes preferred a tool chest, an occupation which she varied with making sugar pills. Medicine first claimed her attention, but while pursuing her studies she devoted much time to drawing and mathematics, with the result that when she exhibited some of her work to the authorities of the Pratt Institute they broke all records and admitted her to their architectural course. Here she not only made up two years' work in one, but acquired so much facility that now she writes her own specifications, even for the plumbing and boilers of a house. Two or three other girls studied architecture at the institute at the same time, but Miss Kellog has not heard whether success attended their efforts or not. In spite of her promising career as a student, Miss Kellog did not instantly step into an appointment. Some American architects, she declares, "nearly dropped dead" when she asked them to employ her. In 1886, she was employed by the late Mr. John Carrere, who had assisted and encouraged many young architects. After a period of training in office she made her way to Paris, where she was the pioneer who obtained entrance to the Beaux Arts Architectural course for woman. At first authorities flatly refused to accept her. Undaunted, she even went to the head of the institute, only to meet the same adamantine denial. She quietly went on with her art studies, and was lucky enough to meet a deputy from one of the departments in the South of France. He was amused at her zeal, but came to see that she had some right on her side. He got a law passed within ten days after her request admitting women to the course at the Beaux Arts. Miss Kellog was just starting home to America, so she did not profit. She soon started on what she calls real work, securing an appointment in the office of the designer of the Hall of Records. She started business for herself with a few large clients and has done some good work. She remodelled a block of five-storey buildings in New York, and though she has a distinct reputation for bungalows, she aspires to sky-scrapers. Architecture, thinks this enterprising and gifted designer, is a profession suited to women. They are naturally home-makers and from their practical experience they ought to know just what is necessary for comfort and should be able to make to the best of available space and material.

SCARCITY OF WATER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—Having vainly sought redress from the Municipal authorities, I have to request you for a little space in your paper to give vent to the serious inconvenience and trouble, caused to me and other residents of Worlee Hill near the foreshore, by our lack of water-supply. During the whole day, the pressure is not sufficient for the water to reach us. After sunset, when the alleged high pressure is given, we frequently get no water, but if we do get any, it is only two or three buckets-full, and that too during the small hours of the night. I have got a large reservoir tank, but it never gets any supply. The reason for this, as given to us, is that ours being a mill district, the wants of the mills have first to be satisfied. The mills divert an enormous supply, and if any pressure is left after their wants are fulfilled, which is hardly the case, we get whatever we luckily can. About a month ago, we got a sufficient supply for our emergent wants which shows that if the authorities wish, they can send us the necessary supply. I don't understand which preference is given to "trade" purposes when people are made to starve for a drinking supply. My men daily keep waking and waiting for water during the whole night, but it never comes nowadays nor have we had a drop of water for the last week. The consequence is that I and my neighbours have to employ coolies to bring water from the village down the hills every day at considerable expenses.

I had a meter affixed to my bungalow, but the Municipality having discovered that it would be more advantageous to charge me for water on the assessed value of my bungalow than on the actual supply gained by readings, I have been so charged. I was informed last year that with a view to improve our water-supply, the Corporation had sanctioned doubling the pipes, so as to prevent the mills coming in our way. Why has this been delayed? As long as we do not get water even for drinking purposes, is the Municipality justified in charging us the water-rate on our property. Can any of your readers enlighten us whether we can legitimately recover the charges from the Municipality incurred by us for fetching our drinking and other supply of water for our use?—Yours, etc.,

B. R.

Bombay, April 27.

REFERENDUM DEBATE.

AMENDMENT TO THE VETO BILL.

Pointed Argument by the Premier.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, APRIL 26.

In the House of Commons, to-day, in the debate on the Veto Bill, Mr. Cave moved an amendment that after a bill had passed thrice through the House of Commons, and been rejected by the House of Lords, it should be submitted to a referendum, and if approved, become law.

The usual arguments, for and against, ensued.

Sir Herbert Samuel said that unless it were constantly used, the referendum was no remedy for a deadlock, and if constantly used it uld become intolerable.

r. Balfour agreed that the value of the dum would be destroyed if it were by perpetual use, but he believed it used only on rare and great occa- referendum was all the more iew of the feeling that the party ing more and more rigid.

ail the amendment was than anything yet submit- deprecated the idea of nt to the House to do then throwing back rden of deciding what had been sent to decide.

amendment was rejected by 236 votes to 164.

Reform of the Lords.

LONDON, APRIL 26.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Asquith informed Mr. Craig that he was unable to undertake to proceed to the reform of the House of Lords before introducing the Home Rule Bill.

Home Rule and Unionists.

LONDON, APRIL 27.

Earl Selborne was yesterday entertained at a dinner in London at the Liberal Union Club.

His Lordship said that if the Unionists regained power they would not rest until they had restored the stability of the Constitution.

They would not accept Home Rule for Ireland.

IMPERIAL EDUCATION CONFERENCE.

LONDON, APRIL 26.

The Government to-day entertained the delegates of the Imperial Education Conference to dinner at the House of Commons. Among those present were Mr. Asquith, Mr. Runciman, Mr. Harcourt, Mr. Birrell and Sir Richard Solomon.

Mr. Asquith said that if the Conference could co-ordinate the latent resources of the Empire, and achieve a system of vital teaching, it would do more for the Empire than many so-called social reformers.

THE GREEK BOYCOTT IN TURKEY.

German and Austrian Protest.

BERLIN, APRIL 26.

It is stated that Germany and Austria have made friendly representations to the Porte on the subject of the boycott of Greek goods prevailing in Turkey, pointing out that German and Italian firms are injured by it. The Porte has promised to take the necessary steps.

THE BAGHDAD RAILWAY.

Denial of a German Undertaking.

CONSTANTINOPLE, APRIL 26.

In the Chamber, to-day, Rifaat Pasha, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, declared that article 3 of the Agreement, published by the *Evening Times*, purporting to be the text of the Russian reply to the German note of 1907, with regard to Russo-German relations, did not exist.

Article 3 of the reply as reported by the "Evening Times" was:—

"Germany undertakes to construct no railways in the zone between the Baghdad line and the Russo-Persian frontier northward of Khanikin, nor to support such undertakings."

ALBANIAN REOVLT AND MONTENEGRO.

The Porte's Complaint.

CONSTANTINOPLE, APRIL 27.

In the Chamber yesterday, Rifaat Pasha, the Foreign Minister, stated that unless the Montenegrins ceased aiding the Albanian insurgents, he would be compelled to call Montenegro to account.

LORD KITCHENER.

LONDON, APRIL 26.

Lord Kitchener took his seat in the House of Lords, to-day, as a Viscount. He had already done so as a Baron. He was introduced by Lords Morley and Milner.

AUSTRALIAN PENNY POSTAGE.

LONDON, APRIL 26.

The Postmaster-General announces that from May 1st the postage from Australia to all parts of the Empire and Egypt will be reduced to a penny.

KING PETER OF SERVIA.

To Visit Hungary.

LONDON, APRIL 27.

King Peter of Servia will visit Budapest on May 7th and will stay two days. It is expected that King Peter will be the guest of the Emperor Francis Joseph.

Austrian Emperor's Excuse.

VIENNA, APRIL 27.

It has suddenly been announced here that the Emperor Francis Joseph is going to reside at his hunting box at Goedelloc, and not at Budapest, in accordance with the advice of his doctors.

King Peter of Servia has therefore been informed that the Emperor regrets he cannot meet him.

There have been demonstrations in Servia against King Peter's visit. Some quarters in Vienna ascribe the Emperor's change of plans to this circumstance.

PERSIA AND BRITAIN.

Proposal to Build a Railway.

TEHERAN, APRIL, 27.

Britain recently made a communication to Persia regarding the construction of a railway in South Persia. There is reason to believe that Britain requested the option of building a line from Karmusah (Karmanshah ?) to a town in the province of Luristan, within the British zone. The communication, it is stated, was seriously considered by the Persian Government, whose reply, it is understood, while not acceding to the request, does not indicate that there are any grounds for considering that any future negotiations on the subject are likely to end in failure.

According to a *Times'* message from Teheran the British Note recalled Nasr-ed-Din's rescript of 1888 undertaking to give Britain a concession in South Persia to counterbalance the concession granted to another Power in the North. The *Times'* correspondent adds that it is apparently desired that if the concession of the Teheran-Khanikin line was given to Russia, British construction should follow on the Muhamarah-Khorumabad route, whose advantages are considerable. The trade of Muhamarah is growing daily.

AUSTRALIAN FEDERAL BILL.

Opposition to Amendments

MELBOURNE, APRIL 27.

The returns of the referenda upon the amendments to the Federal constitution, giving the Federal Parliament general powers over trade and industry and a proposal to nationalise all monopolies, are still incomplete, but show majorities of about 200,000 against both the amendments up to the present.

West Australia is the only state in which there is a majority in favour of the proposals.

PALMAS ISLAND.

The Dutch Take Forcible Possession.

MANILA, APRIL 27.

The Dutch have lowered the Stars and Stripes on Palmas Island and substituted the Dutch flag.

It is understood that the United States will not protest, considering the island to be valueless.

CAPITAL AND LABOUR IN AMERICA.

Agitation over Recent Arrests.

NEW YORK, APRIL 27.

The labourites throughout the country are conducting a violent agitation against the arrests of McNamara and others which were made in connection with the dynamiting of the offices of the "Los Angeles Times."

The labourites state that the arrests are the result of a deep-laid plot of capital against labour and are preparing to raise a defence fund of £10,000.

SCOTCH CENSUS RETURNS.

LONDON, APRIL 27.

The Scottish census shows that the population of Edinburgh, excluding Portobello, has decreased by 1,325 during the last decade. The population of Glasgow has increased by only 7,837.

The number of inhabitants in all the big cities has increased at considerably less in rate that hitherto. In the rural districts a steady shrinkage has made itself manifest.

NEW QUEENSLAND LOAN.

LONDON, APRIL 27.

The new Queensland loan has been issued at a discount of ½ per cent. It is understood that the underwriters are expected to be saddled with 90 per cent. of the loan.

BRITISH NAVY AIRSHIP.

LONDON, APRIL 27.

The *Standard* to-day publishes details of the first British navy airship. The vessel is said to be 571 feet long and nearly 50 feet in diameter. The framework is of Duralumin, an alloy as hard as steel and only half the weight. The airship is covered with specially hardened silk which is said to be bullet proof and to throw off heat rays, the silver shade of which renders the ship practically invisible in the sky. The gasbag is on the watertight compartment principle. The vessel will carry a crew of twenty.

SERIOUS NEWS FROM MOROCCO.

French Troops Falling Back.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, APRIL 26.

The latest news from Fez is not reassuring. Major Bremond is falling back on Fez, before the Sherarda attack. On hearing this M. Boisset, who was nearing Sebu, returned to Alcazar.

It is announced that nine thousand troops are concentrating on the Algerian frontier. They will only operate in Morocco should events necessitate their doing so.

LONDON, APRIL 27.

The French Ambassador has assured Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German Imperial Chancellor, that France has no intention of contravening the Treaty of Algeciras.

TANGIER, APRIL 27.

Despatches received here state that Major Bremond, marching to meet M. Boisset, was twice attacked on the 21st instant by 6,000 Sherarda tribesmen. After a most fierce combat Major Bremond succeeded in repulsing the enemy with heavy loss, but was compelled to return to Fez, where the situation is most critical.

MEXICO AND BRITAIN.

Protest against Landing of Marines.

NEW YORK, APRIL 27.

The Mexican Government has presented a Note to Great Britain, protesting against the landing of Marines from the "Shearwater." The Note is, however, couched in cordial and friendly terms and no unpleasantness is anticipated.

ENGLISH CUP

Narrow Win for Bradford.

LONDON, APRIL 26.

The re-play of the final tie for the English Cup took place at Manchester to-day. The result was a win for Bradford City by one goal to nil.

There were 70,000 people present. The weather was fine, though a strong wind was blowing.

Newcastle forced the game and were several times near scoring. They obtained numerous corners, but Bradford broke away and scored. Newcastle made strenuous efforts to equalise, but without result, the defence being too good.

After the resumption, Newcastle attacked strongly. Bradford then became aggressive, but Newcastle's defence was splendid. Towards the end, Newcastle made most desperate efforts to equalise, but they were unavailing.

Result:—

Bradford City	1
Newcastle United	0

[The following are the results of the English Cup Competition for the last ten years :—

1910, Newcastle United beat Barnsley (after a draw 1-1), 2-0.
1909, Manchester United beat Bristol City, 1-0.
1908, Wolverhampton Wanderers beat Newcastle United, 3-1.
1907, Sheffield Wednesday beat Everton, 2-1.
1906, Everton beat Newcastle United, 1-0.
1905, Aston Villa beat Newcastle United, 2-0.
1904, Manchester City beat Bolton Wanderers, 1-0.
1903, Bury beat Derby County, 6-0.
1902, Sheffield United beat Southampton, 2-1.
1901, Tottenham Hotspur beat Sheffield United 3 1.]

Other Results.

The results of other matches to-day were:—

Bolton Wanderers beat Chelsea by two goals to nil.

Swindon beat Coventry City by three goals to nil.

Brighton beat West Ham by three goals to nil.

COUNTY CRICKET.

New Championship Rules.

LONDON, APRIL 26.

At a meeting of the Advisory County Committee of the Marylebone Cricket Club, in reference to the new scheme for County Championship matches, it was agreed that the side, which was behind on the first innings of an unfinished match should score one point, and that the side losing the toss in the first match should have the choice of innings in the return match.

[At the beginning of March last, the Marylebone Cricket Club adopted a new scheme for county cricket matches. It was as follows: In the case of a completed match, the winners would score five points. For a non-completed match, the winners on the first innings would score three points. In cases of drawn matches, the points would be divided, and matches in which the first innings was not completed would be disregarded.]

LAWN TENNIS.

America Unable to Play England.

NEW YORK, APRIL 27.

The National Lawn Tennis Association, finding it impossible to secure a team to go both to England and New Zealand, has telegraphed to the English Lawn Tennis Association, declining to play preliminary matches in England.

AN amendment of the Indian Companies Act of 1882 is engaging the attention of Government. The various English amending Acts were submitted to local administrations and public bodies for their opinions and these have now been received. The revision and consolidation of the law relating to Indian Companies is now under consideration in the Commerce and Industry Department.

ELECTION PETITIONS.

Mr. Healy's Protest at East Cork.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, APRIL 26.

In the hearing of the petition against the East Cork election, Mr. Tim Healy, K. C., was obliged to close his case, several witnesses failing to attend. He strongly protested against this contempt of court.

Counsel for the respondent opened his case.

[On April 20, the hearing was begun of the petition against the election of Captain Donelan, the Redmondite member for East Cork. Mr. Tim Healy, K.C., for the petitioners, made allegations of general intimidation, bribery and treating.]

West Bromwich Petition.

LONDON, APRIL 26.

The hearing has begun of the petition of Dr. Hazel against the West Bromwich election. The fact that Mr. Justice Ridley, who heard the Exeter petition, is one of the judges has increased the high political feeling. There was a large crowd outside the Court-house to-day.

The West Bromwich petition turns on a scrutiny, it being alleged that the votes were miscounted, that many were invalid, and that some voters were improperly influenced.

INTERNECINE WARFARE.

Sharp Fighting at Bajour.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 27.

It is reported that the quarrel between Sufdar Khan of Nawagai and his son, Mahomed Ali Khan, has had an unexpected ending. Mahomed Ali, with a mixed contingent of tribesmen from Bajour, looted and burned the Kotkai and Nawagai bazars, but his father, with the aid of some Momand clansmen, managed to put him to flight. There is said to have been some sharp fighting, and popular reports in Bajour speak of the joint casualties having been over two hundred killed and wounded. Safdar Khan is once more supreme in Nawagai Ilakha, though he had to pay a large sum to his Momand allies in return for their assistance. They have broken up their forces and peace seems likely to reign in Bajour for a period.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING IN LAHORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, APRIL 27.

Tenders have been received for the electric lighting of public offices in Lahore and is now under consideration. It is probable that the scheme will be matured and the proposed lease will give the company right to supply electric power to the general public. There is therefore a prospect that the long delayed scheme of electric lighting and fans for the civil station of the Provincial capital may be realised in the near future.

MYSORE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, APRIL 27.

At the meeting of the Mysore Legislative Council to-day, the Secretary reported the receipt of the Maharajah's assent to (1) a Bill to recognise the representative character of the Administrator-General for Madras ; (2) the Mysore Poisons Bill ; and (3) the Tank Panchayet Bill.

Mr. Nunjundiah, Second Councillor, moved for leave to introduce the Mysore Village Courts Bill. In doing so, he spoke at some length. Mr. Puttana Chetty, First Councillor, seconded the motion in a short speech and permission was granted. Leave was also granted for the introduction of the Mysore Partition (of immovable property) Bill to regualate the splitting up of dwelling-houses in the interests of sanitation.

The following Bills were passed : (1) to amend the Government Savings Bank Act of 1873, as applied to Mysore ; (2) to consolidate and amend the law relating to guardians and wards in Mysore ; (3) the Mysore Limitation Bill ; (4) to amend the Code of Civil Procedure Bill ; (5) to amend the Small Cause Courts Bill ; and (6) to amend the Mysore Insolvency Bill. The Bill providing for the prevention of smoking by juveniles was then read in the Council, and was referred to a select committee. The Council is still in session.

THE GULF EXPEDITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 27.

The flying column of the Mekran expedition returned to the coast some days ago after penetrating beyond Binth apparently without having come into collision with the Afghan gun-runners.

URDU SHORTHAND WRITING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, APRIL 27.

At a demonstration of shorthand writing in the Urdu language at the Ried Christian College, Professor Badley said classes were undertaken at Government request for the benefit of Police Sub-Inspectors and the progress had been good. With sufficient practice students should easily attain a speed of 200 words in a minute. Mr. Way, Deputy Commissioner, who presided, trusted that the College would not stop at Urdu, but would give them a system of shorthand adapted to Hindi also. Several leading Indians were present at the request of the principal. A member of the local Council made a speech which was reported satisfactorily.

WEEKLY PLAGUE MORTALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 27.

During the week ending 22nd April the total plague mortality stood at 39,241 against 45,277 cases. The provincial figures were. Bombay Presidency 1,517, the Madras Presidency 37, Bengal 3,205, the United Provinces 19,114, the Punjab 14,391, Burma 99, Central Provinces 233, Mysore 72, Hyderabad 67, Central India 376, N. W. Frontier Province 24, and Kashmir 101.

THE Government of India are, about to address the Secretary of State with regard to the reorganisation of the Provincial Engineering Service, about which the local Governments were recently consulted.

CORONATION FETE AT ANNANDALE.

Brilliant Programme.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 27.

An elaborate progamme has been arranged for the fete which the Annandale Gymkhana Club propose to hold at Annandale, Simla, on Saturday the 17th June in honor of the Coronation. There is to be an athletic meeting, and sports, including Indian wrestling matches a "lucky bag" and fire works. The local Hill Chiefs are to be invited to bring their archers, dancers, and jugglers to enhance the amusements of this occasion. The proceeds are to be devoted partly to reducing the present debt of the Club and partly to general charitable public objects. The energetic promoters have secured the patronage of the Viceroy, the Commander-in-Chief, the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and Sir John Hewett and a strong general committee has been formed comprising the names of members of Council, Secretaries to Government and others leading residents. The hill sports will be under the direction of the Deputy Commissioner, the "lucky bag" under that of two A. D. C's of the Commander-in-Chief. Other well known members of Simla society have made themselves responsible for other items in the programme which is to include events set apart for different classes of the community including (a) British soldiers and Volunteers, (b) Indian troops ; (c) residents of Simla; and (d) hillmen. Prizes worth at least Rs. 500 are also announced to be offered for Indian wrestlers.

BIG FIRE AT BOBBILLI.

Over 300 Houses Burnt.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 27.

Yesterday a fire broke out at Bobbilli. A violent duststrom was blowing and there were almost simultaneous fires in a number of streets. Over 300 houses were burnt and there were many casualties among men and cattle. Ten persons are said to have been burned to death being unable to escape and seven are in a precarious condition. The Maharajah fed all the homeless and distressed persons last night and to-day cart-loads of food are passing through the street for distribution, in the name of "Kernar" and was accompaniedby a valet.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 27.

On Thursday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Babu Kesub Chandra Gupta, pleader, made, an application for process on behalf of T. V. Patak, Manager of the Bengal Luckshmi Cotton Mills and Babu J. N. Roy, cashier, against Babu Lungut Singh for alleging at a meeting of shareholders, that all employees except Kaviraj Upendra Nath Sen, the Managing Director, were thieves. A notice issued upon the accused to show cause why he should not be prosecuted for defamation.

SENSATIONAL ARREST OF A GERMAN.

Alleged Offence in Berlin.

(FROM OUR CORESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA APRIL 27.

Considerable sensation has been caused in Calcutta by the arrest of Herr Stallman alias Count Rudolph vonKonig, a passenger on board the steamer "Caspian", Superintendent Ellis of the Calcutta Detective Department with Sergean Sharps, armed with a warrant under the Extradition Act proceeded to Diamond Harbour and arranged with the telegraph signaller to stop the steamer "Caspian" which was on her way to Calcutta from South Africa. On Wednesday the vessel on arriving was stopped and Superintendent Ellis arrested Stallman who was travelling.

The warrant was issued on a charge of obtaining money under false pretensions at Berlin. The accused was found to be highly educated, being well versed in several languages, including English which he speaks with remarkable fluency. At the Central Police Station the accused who was stately in appearance, said he had done nothing to be afraid of. He was remanded till the arrival of papers from Berlin when he will be made over to the German authorities.

OFFENCE AGAINST THE CENSUS ACT.

Accused Convicted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, APRIL 27.

Yesterday Mr. Sands, City Magistrate, Karachi, convicted H. G. King, a merchant, of an offence under Section 7 of the Indian Census Act of 1910, for refusing to supply information to census officers during the last census, and sentenced him to pay a fine of rupees fifty or in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment. The prosecution was filed by the Legal Adviser, Karachi Municipality, on behalf of Mr. Tellis, Census Supervisor of the Circle in which the King then resided. The result of accused's refusal to answer the questions was that the census returns were left incomplete, the only information supplied being that Mr. and Mrs. King were occupants of the house.

DINAJPUR GANG CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 27.

The Dinajpur Gang Case, the preliminary enquiry of which was commenced in December last, has been committed to the sessions. Of the thirty-eight accused, one became an approver, two have been discharged, and the remaining thirty-five been sent up for trial, which will commence at the criminal sessions in May.

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE GARDEN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In passing through the Elphinstone Circle I have observed that, since the basin has been emptied at frequent intervals to prevent the growth of mosquitoes, a large volume of water is wasted, owing the unnecessary depth of the tank. If this tank were filled to within one foot of the edge with earth and gravel, the water, being above the level of the garden might he utilised instead of running to waste. The basin would then be a safe place for the sailing of small boats which is a never failing amusement for children, as has been proved in all the London parks.—Yours, &c.,

PATERFAMILIAS.

Fort, 27th April.

COLONEL J. L Van Gezzel, I. M. S. of Madras retires shortly as he has been appointed Examiner of Medical Stores in the India Office.

THE DELHI DURBAR.

Plague in the District.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 27.

Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior has placed four hundred "malis" at the disposal of the Delhi Durbar Central Committee for work on the processional road. The gardening operations are likely to be thoroughly well done as they are being taken in hand in good time, so that the plants, shrubs, etc, may benefit by the monsoon rains.

In connection with the reports, that plague has broken out among the Sappers and Pioneers employed on the Durbar Camp sites at Delhi, it is stated that the only cases recorded were in the 128th Pioneers, and these were imported by men from their own villages which they had visited while on leave. Only two cases occurred in the regiment. Plague is, undoubtedly, very prevalent throughout the Delhi division, but as the troops specially engaged for Durbar work are under canvas, there is little risk of any serious outbreak.

ARCHÆOLOGICAL DISCOVERY.

An Interesting Inscription.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 27.

An archæological discovery of considerable importance has recently been made by Mr. R. D. Bannerjee, Personal Assistant to the Director General of Archæology, who has recently been touring in the Dacca district. This consists of an inscription of Lakshmana Sena, King of Bengal, on the pedestal of an image of the goddess Chandi now kept in a small shrine on the Pathargħat at Dalbazar in Dacca City.

The inscription records the erection of an image of the goddess by a judge named Damodara in the third year of the reign of Lakshmana Sena Deva, which is equivalent to 1122 A. D. The image is said to have been found in the celebrated ruins of Ram Pala in the Dacca district. The discovery throws light upon a portion of the history of Bengal, now based to some extent upon surmise. The inscription is the first of its kind from Eastern Bengal proper, giving the date of the era of a King of Bengal.

Lakshamana Sena was crowned King of Bengal, in 1119 A.D. and was the last independent King of Bengal. According to history, Lakshmana Sena fled from Nara, before the Mahomedan invaders of Bengal. The inscription discovered recently, however, shows that Lakshmana Sena was dead at least thirty years before the Moslems invaded Bengal. Lakshmana Sena, who ruled over a tract of country from Benares to the Garo Hills and from the Himalayas to the sea, was probably not the same Lakshmana Sena as was driven away by the Moslem invaders of Bengal. He was the founder of an era named after him, and marked the year of his coronation 1119, A.D. He is believed to have been a poet of considerable merit, and there are couplets in Sanskrit by him still extant in the library of the Asiatic Society of Bengal.

The inscription on the image names the year three of the reign of the illustrious Lakshmana Sena. It is the oldest image of the goddess discovered so far and is of good workmanship. It represents the wife of Siva, the goddess of destruction, at the moment when she prepared for the annihilation of the universe. It is of a female figure with four hands and over-laden with ornaments. Two elephants are pouring water over her head from two earthen vessels with their trunks. Another inscription, on the image, says it is the work of a man named Narayana.

CHARGES AGAINST CALCUTTA PLICE.

Article in "Bengalee" not Authentic.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 27.

Regarding an article which appeared in the "Bengalee," on the April 12 last, headed "The C. I. D. and Police Espionage," in which allegations were made of interference by the police at a meeting of Indian medical practitioners, the Hon'ble Mr. Stevenson Moore, Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal, writes ; "The Lieutenant-Governor in Council has caused inquires to be made into these allegations, and I am directed to say that they are false. Neither the Calcutta Police nor the Bengal Police made any inquiry regarding this meeting nor interfered with it in any way. What happened was that the owner of the premises in which the meeting was held voluntarily asked the Inspector of the Kimartolli Thana, for his advice as to whether the intention to hold a meeting should be reported. The Inspector replied that if the meeting was not a political one, there was nothing to be afraid of, but if the meeting was intended for the discussion of political subjects, it would be better if the matter were reported in the first instance to the Commissioner of Police.

CURRENCY NOTES STOLEN.

Schoolmaster the Victim.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 27.

The police have arrested two men in Calcutta, in connection with a robbery of currency notes to the value of nearly thirty-five thousand rupees belonging to Mr. M. M. Dutt, headmaster of the Krishnaghur Collegiate School. It is said that Mr. Dutt used to carry all his savings in notes and bank receipts in his pocket. The accused came down to Calcutta, and attempted to cash some big notes through a Bengali who informed the police. About three thousand-rupees have been recovered from the accused, while more is alleged to be with their accomplice, a maidservant in the employ of the complainant in Krishnaghur. The accused will be sent to Krishnaghur for trial.

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 27.

Mr. S. C. G. Wood of the Superior Traffic Department of State Railways, whose services are lent to the Bombay Baroda Central India Railway Company, is granted combined leave for 6 months and 15 days from the 6th April 1911.

Sanction has been accorded to the provision of five additional oil tank wagons during 1911-12 for the North Western Railway.

Sanction has been accorded to an estimate for providing lie-bye sidings at Khadavli, a station on the N. E. line of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway.

MAKING OF GOOD CITIZENS BY SCIENCE.

II

Whenever Science enters the arena of competition, she enters as the creature of intellect, and once freed from the restraining hand of outer and higher faculties or components of the whole complex human mentality, must work out callously and cruelly intellect's selfish purposes. Viewed in this, her most unattractive presentation, Science so far has proved the habile tool and powerful minister of the most shocking of all forms of human grouping, Plutocracy. This is so obvious that it needs no further comment or illustration. In her calmest and grandest aspect, Astronomy, we may well doubt whether beyond thus assisting us to navigate broad oceans, and so again to make of the whole earth one great market place, she has been of much direct use or service to man. The Astronomer, you say, can predict the movement of the heavenly bodies, can tell us when there will be an eclipse, when a comet will flame in the sky. But we should be just as well off without the prediction. When the Eclipse and the Comet came, we should see them, and they would come whether predicted or not. But in thus assuring us of the uniformity of Natural Law, you reply, she has done the greatest service that was ever done to man. That depends entirely upon what is meant by Natural Law. The Scientist may indeed, discover the "law", that is to say may reduce to a short hand formula, the result of a million observations; but if the Scientist stops short there as he usually does, saying: This is a "law" which has never been legislated; we may well ask, how does this, except where it may be practically applied, i. e., to increase our animal comforts, help us much to the realization of what we feel to be the highest, the most valuable, indeed the only valuable part of our being ? The same may be said of every science. Some may make men richer, some may make men healthier, some may make life a little easier; but stopping short just where each does at the utilization of garnered experience for the furtherance of material ends, none has a message which could be of any regenerative value either to a man or a nation. Laws of Nature, or laws of Science, which have no origin, which impress us if at all, with a paralyzing sense of necessity, so far from being moral or elevating are wholly immoral, or at best un-moral, and depressing. The delight which the Scientist pretends to feel in discovering uniformity, and infallible order running through all the ranges of physical phenomena, is surely hollow and feigned. The recognition of nothing more than "order" through every pulse beat of the Cosmos, links the whole with what is purely intellectual (and therefore again self-regarding immoral) in man. We need something more, something answering to our own psychological experience and certain direct knowledge of responsible causation, before we can find any satisfaction in the ordered march and on ward sweep of the vast cosmic process. And it is just here, at this crucial point, that Science turns her back on metaphysic, and scurries back into her own little domain, to play again with her microscopes, and spectra, declining altogether to admit any reason or mind, at the starting point of her nicely arranged and catalogued chains of sequence.

If we look at that branch of Science which is specially devoted to the service of humanity, the alleviation of human suffering, the prolongation of human life—the science of medicine, we may at once admit that much has been accomplished. The discovery of anaesthetics, vaccination, inoculation, improved hygiene, antiseptic surgery, these combined have no doubt made an appreciable impression on the sum of sickness, reduced pain, lengthened the average duration of life. But while paying a willing tribute to these happy results, when the question is of one method of education contrasted with another for the avowed object of raising vast masses of people in the moral scale, it is pertinent to remember that medical science has nothing to say to anything but its own proper end, the conservation of life. It offers no opinion upon the value of life or the best way to employ it. True, by general consent pain is per se an evil, so that by reducing that wherever it can medicine may claim to be on the side of good. But here we are juggling with terms. While health from the point of view of purely animal man is perhaps the summum bonum neither it nor sickness, neither freedom from pain nor pain, restricted to the physical and material sphere, have any moral significance or worth. And even if we confine the calculation to this aspect of life, it remains a question whatever the progress of modern medical science, has really added much to the volume and intensity of life in the aggregate. The contents of life are not purely linear. Length is not everything, and the preservation of many anaemic hypochondriac valetudinarians may have to be set against a general lowering of the quality, the vigour, the intensity of life in the sum total. Our full blooded, virile ancestors did not live as long may be as we do, but did they not get much more out of life in a shorter span ? Treated as for that purposes of merely medical science, we must treat such a problem and viewing life as a merely animal process, it is open to doubt whether all the labours of progressive medicine and surgery have done more than alter the arrangement, without adding to the sum whether while prolonging innumerable driblets of individual life they have not proportionately attenuated them. However that may be the point of importance is this, that medical science, like any other science, qua science, does not make and does not pretend to make any contribution to the ethical, religious or spiritual growth of man.

Not so many years ago, we heard a great deal of the conflict between Religion and Science. That has subsided in these politer days, partly because leading Church dignitaries are too cultured, too diplomatic, possibly too lukewarm, to feel the old fiery militant faith, partly because Science has become a little, a very little more modest, less aggressive than in her violent exuberance over the origin of species. Nevertheless it is still true, that the lesser breeds of specially scientifically trained men, look upon all forms of religion, metaphysic and speculative philosophy, with dislike and contempt. The natural result of teaching a man science and nothing but science, in the usual way is to turn him out a dogmatic materialist. It matters little what branch of science he selects, he is almost certain at the end of his course to be wedded to the mechanical explanation of the Universe, and the best that can be hoped from him is that he will disguise his arrogant, too often ignorant, negations, under the modest label of agnosticism. It never seems to occur to such minds, when they dub those whose opinions differ from their own idle visionaries, spinners of intellectual cobwebs, religious dreamers, that many at least of them have seen all that Science has to show, and have yet felt that there are fairer and richer possibilities beyond. What seems to be ordinarily meant by those who pin their faith to a purely scientific education, as the best means to that far distant end, human perfection, is that the value of scientific training is precisely in proportion as it destroys all spirituality, and attunes the mind to the acceptance of automatic, mechanical explanations of the Universe and Man's destiny therein. Now while we are ready to admit that if you must have skilled doctors they must be taught in scientific schools of medicine, if you must have chemists, they must be taught scientific chemistry, if you must have engineers they must be trained in the scientific schools of engineering, this is really no more than saying that a good carpenter ought to be taught how to carpenter well, or a good tailor how to make good suits of clothes. Neither in the one case more than the other, has the training anything whatever to do with the moral worth of the man. Unfortunately those who do not use their scientific training as a necessary preparation for some handicraft, or learned profession, and for that alone, are apt to think that the resultant mental myopia, and dogmatic materialism, are the badges of free, enlightened spirits. Although the opposite of this naive conviction is much nearer the truth, its presence serves to explain the zeal with which those who hold it advocate a scientific training as the soundest basis of wholesome life. Reco[illegible] science, in this sense, is exclusively concerned with physical phenomena the conclusion that its tendency at any rate is towards the mechanical, automatic interpretation of man and the Universe, is scarcely disputable. In the field of morals, the tendency exhibits itself in a pronounced leaning to determinism. And the demand for a specially scientific training expresses the covert wish, that man the citizen should adopt the philosophy of life which is the almost inevitable product of that isolated mode of education. It is upon this ground that those who cannot accept so sterile an interpretation of man's life, are disposed to join issue. While it is not the logically necessitated conclusion of any known branch of science, it cannot be denied that purely scientificing tra points its pupils in that direction. And the question for the statesman then is whether that direction is really the best, the completest, the most satisfactory for the masses to take. As far as experience has yet gone, the answer appears to be plainly negative. Discarding old and venerated beliefs, however enmeshed in childish, even nonsensical myth and symbol, in favour of a hard, reasoned, barren and entirely novel cosmical theory, must induce an anarchical, insubordinate mental temperament. Replacing the old reverence for the Gods by an arid scepticism, and the acceptance of inexorable "laws" which no one has imposed and the purpose of which is unintelligible, breeds a shallow intellectual vanity, which is intolerant of control. Each student of science, at the end of his course or "education" deems himself as well if not better qualified than another, to fathom the secrets of nature, and the intricacies of all structural social evolution. The "knowledge" imparted in the Science schools has little value except in its practical application; and so restricted has no relevancy to the moral growth, the social or spiritual progress and value of the man. A hundred men may be turned out equally good chemists, but not one of them need necessarily be turned out a better, that is a more moral, man. The radical fallacy lies in supposing that scientific training, apart from making its recipients more efficient workmen, has per se any peculiar disciplinary value. In so far as knowledge, mere knowledge, is Power, (and for self-seeking purposes in the scramble for worldly possessions it is) by encouraging purely scientific at the expense of other and higher forms of education, you may find that you are putting power into the wrong hands, that you are arming bad men with dangerous weapons. When the sanguine champions of Science, as a social panacea, dwell upon its benevolent economic applications, it may not be amiss to remind them that a considerable percentage of scientific intelligence, is almost exclusively devoted to inventing new and more formidable engines of destruction. A proof if any were needed, of the intrinsic unmorality of science. While we heartily and entirely agree that teaching men who desire to follow those pursuits, useful trades and professions is a proper, though subordinate part of education in the larger sense, we may be permitted to doubt whatever identifying science (not solely or even chiefly with a view to its practical application) with the whole of education, hoping that indirectly at least it may prove a destructive solvent of all old religions, theologies mysteries, and metaphysic, does not exaggerate and throw out of its true proportion, the part which science ought to play in the development of normally full and complete mentality.

X. X. X.

PLAGUE INFECTION BY FLEAS.

Disinfection by Exposure to the Sun.

The following notification is published by the Bombay Government as a Press Note :—

The Government of India have recently published as a Scientific Memoir a paper entitled "The Destruction of Fleas by Exposure to the Sun" by Captain J. Cunningham, M.D., I. M. S. In order that the substance of this paper may be brought prominently to the notice of the public, the following directions for disinfection by means of the sun of the clothing etc., of persons coming from plague-infected places are published for general information :—

It is now well-known that plague is conveyed from rats to people by means of fleas. It has also been found out that people going from a plague-infected place to another that is free from plague may carry with them in their clothes, bedding or baggage the infected fleas of that place. On arrival at the end of their journey, the bedding is unrolled and the baggage unpacked, and the fleas being at liberty to hop out, do so, and immediately go to the rats of the place to feast upon their blood. These fleas at the same time infect the rats with the plague-germs they have in their insides, and thus the rats get plague and die, and soon the people of the village will begin to die of plague also, for they will catch it from the rats. Now as this is the way plague comes to a village it is possible to prevent its arrival by killing all the fleas in the baggage, clothing and bedding of all new arrivals.

But it may be asked: "How do you kill all the fleas?" Well, it has been discovered by experiment at the Parel Laboratory that it is quite easy to kill all fleas in clothing, bedding and baggage by spreading the things in the sun for an hour or so. All you have to do is to choose a smooth sandy place, where no grass or bushes grow and which is fully exposed to the sun, and there spread out the clothes in a single layer, and in a short time all the fleas will be dead. Then the clothes will be quite safe and the owner may be allowed to enter the village with safety to its inhabitants. The rules which are given below should be carefully followed however so as to make quite sure that all fleas are killed. The great thing to remember is that the surface must be quite smooth and that the sand hot enough before the clothes are laid on it. If you are not sure how hot the sand should be, you can be supplied with a thermometer for telling the proper heat. You can buy these at the Parel Laboratory for two annas each.

A smooth flat piece of ground with no cracks in it should be chosen. It must not be near trees or houses, for it is necessary that the sun should shine on it all day. The ground must be flat, with no stones or grass on it. If the place is not a sandy one it must be covered with a layer of sand 3 inches deep and made quite smooth on top. The sand must be very hot before the clothes are put on it. So it is necessary to wait till ten o'clock before spreading any clothes. No clothes should be spread on the sand after four o'clock in the afternoon, for then the sand will not be hot enough. The clothes should be spread evenly on the sand in a single layer The clothes should be left in the sun for one hour. Thick and padded clothes such as resais and quilted coats must be turned over once or twice while exposed to the sun so that both sides may become well heated. Clothes must not be placed within 3 feet of the edge of the prepared ground, otherwise some fleas might escape the heat of the sun and so infect the village. Before the clothes are spread on the sand it is necessary to see that the surface is quite smooth and that cows or other animals are not allowed to walk over it and make footprints on it.

WEDDING AT BANDRA.

Allan—Anderson.

There was a large turn-out of friends at St. Peter's Church, Bandra, yesterday to witness the marriage of Robert George Allan, Principal of the Agricultural College, Nagpur, eldest son of Mr. Alexander Allan, Ravenswood, Coonoor, to Mable Isabel, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cuthbert Anderson. The marriage was solemnized by the Most Reverend Dr. Jurgens, S J., Archbishop of Bombay, the bridegroom having as his best man, his brother, Mr. P. A. Allan, 66th Punjabis, while the bridesmaids were Miss Bulkley, Miss Barlow, her two young sisters, Peggie and Kitty, Masters Edie and Guy Turner being pages.

The guests afterwards assembled at the bride's parents' bungalow at Pali Hill and drank the health of the bride and bridegroom who had been the recipients of many handsome tokens of good will. The happy pair left amid the usual shower of rice for Khandala en route for the Nilgiris where the honeymoon will be spent.

BOMBAY SCHOOLGIRLS' ATHLETICS.

Notice of the Schools' entertainment of the Bombay Girls' High Schools Athletic Association appears elsewhere in to-day's issue.

The objects of the Association are to encourage a love of out door sports among girls, and to promote a kindly feeling between the girls of the leading schools of the city.

H. E. Lady Clarke is the patroness of the Association. The Association hopes in time to be able to equip a play ground, where girls of all classes may meet in a friendly way. Such a play-ground would be a great gain to all the Girls' Schools in Bombay and especially to those schools which have no space for a play-ground of their own.

The proceeds of the entertainment will be devoted to the Play Ground Fund of the Association. It is hoped that the public will support the work of the Association by patronising the entertainment to-morrow. The programme, which is printed elsewhere promises to be a very good one.

BOMBAY TRADES' ASSOCIATION.

Annual General Meeting.

The annual general meeting of the Bombay Presidency Trades' Association was held last night, at the rooms of the Bombay Commercial Gymkhana, Wodehouse Road, Bombay, Mr. C. B. Robinson, the Master, presiding.

The annual report and the audited accounts were adopted.

THE MASTER'S ADDRESS.

The Master, addressing the meeting, said:—Gentlemen, the next item of business on the Agenda is to receive the Master's address and as is the usual custom on these annual occasions I will now proceed to give you a brief review of the work of the year. The report which you have adopted this evening shows you the various matters which have engaged the attention of your Committee during the past twelve months, and although it may not seem a brilliant record, a fair amount of useful work has been accomplished. It is gratifying to note the increase in our membership; but there is still room for improvement in the respect, and I would gladly see other firms who have hitherto stood aloof from our Association join our ranks, for I think it goes without saying that the stronger we are as a body the more likely we are to obtained recognition whenever we find it necessary to urge our claims on any important matter. The usual number of meetings have been held, the average attendance has been very good, and I take this opportunity of thanking the members of the Committee for the support they have rendered me at all times.

A matter which during the year 1909 and also the present year, has been the subject of considerable importance, is, Indians trading under European names and titles. The position, I regret to state has not improved, and I would call your attention to a letter from the Government of Bombay which appears on page 5 of the report, your Committee have for several years past represented to the authorities the great nuisance arising from the clouds of dust which infect our principal thoroughfares. This season the evil has, if anything, become worse than ever. The usual representations have been made but beyond the roads being watered a little earlier than usual, we are no nearer the solution of the difficulty and I can only advise you to wait patiently until the Executive Engineer has formulated his proposals, which we sincerely hope will mitigate the nuisance and do away with this our yearly grumble. The new Money Order form for the value payable system has now come into effect and its use I think will smooth over some of the difficulties we have had to experience before. It is perhaps somewhat early yet to express a decided opinion; at all events I do not think we shall have much reason to complain of delay in payments of amounts recovered from the addresses, nor will there be so many mistakes in remittance of wrong amounts as heretofore.

I have to report that our Secretary, Mr Coleman, tendered his resignation of appointment he held, at our last monthly meeting, and on that occasion your Committee took the opportunity of placing on record, their recognition of the good work he has done during the time he has held the post. The vacancy will fill up as early as possible and your Committee have in view an applicant who they have reason to believe will prove a worthy successor to our present Secretary.

IMPROVEMENT SCHEMES.

Five years ago, when I had the privilege of addressing you, I ventured to lay some stress upon important local topics, and more especially on the question of improving our communications. I pointed out that the old fort must always remain the business heart of the Island, no matter how far residence might be extended northward, and that it was of the first importance to provide means for free and rapid communication between the outlying limbs and the trunk of our great city. I am glad to think that those ideas now bid fair to crystalise into speedy and effective action. Aided by a substantial subvention from the Government of India, the Improvement Trust will be able shortly to notify the commencement of the great eastern artery which will furnish an unbroken boulevard from the Apollo Bunder to Sion, and with possibly a service of express trams over the greater portion of this route, we shall see the provision of means for expeditious transit as well as a vast improvement in the amenities of life in our city. But this is, I venture to think, only one stage in the great work that ought to be accomplished by this generation. The western avenue is not yet provided for, and I trust that continuous pressure will be brought upon those in authority to carry this urgent public work to completion. None know better than large employers of assistants like the members of the trades' Association how serious and pressing is the increase in rents. In a long narrow Island like ours there can be no reduction in the inflated value of land, until all our estates are brought into bearing. We have the promise of the great reclamation at Colaba; but that is for the future. Now on the western foreshore we have one of the finest building sites in any city of the world. That stretch of coast, running from the end Hornby Vellard to Mahim Fort, ought to be the finest residential neighbourhood in Bombay. It is given over to a few scattered houses and a factory or two. This is because the foul outfall at Love Grove poisons what ought to be a sea-sweetened breeze, and the only roads on the western side of the Island are a nexus of mean and ill-connected byways. I hope that we shall not cease in our representations to the Corporation until the improvement of the outfall is sanctioned and the western sea-face road is constructed. But let us not, whilst looking to the development of our undeveloped estates, be blind to what is going on under our own eyes. The condition of the Fort is only a degree less serious than was that of the native town before it was opened up by lateral roads like Princess Street and Sandhurst Road. From Rampart Road to Bori Bunder there is not a single cross-road worthy of the name, between Apollo Street and Frere Road on the one side and Esplanade Road and Hornby Road on the other. The evils of such congestion were not so apparent, as long as the Fort was for the most part an area of low and old-fashioned houses. But the rebuilding of the Fort has begun, and it will proceed apace. Wherever a small building is pulled down, one of three, four or even five stories is put up in its place. If we interpose a solid wall, virtually unbroken, between the Back Bay and the harbour, composed of huge buildings. we shall set up an impenetrable barrier against the western breeze. Therefore the Corporation ought in advance to plan a proper system of cross roads, opening up this area before it is rebuilt, providing at least one main connection between Esplanade Road and the Harbour side, with two lesser connections. If this is not designed in advance, the expense will be prohibitive.

LOCAL FRANCHISE.

Gentlemen, you are aware that until quite recently we had no representation on the Municipal Corporation, so our only means of ventilating our views was on occasions of this character. Personally, it was a matter for regret to me—a regret, I am sure, shared by you that the Government of this Presidency were so long indifferent to the important interests represented by this Association. We have felt all along that the retail trade here in Bombay should be represented, as elsewhere in India, where it is recognised by representation on the Provincial Legislative Council, and on the local bodies. Well, gentlemen, I am glad to state that a turning point has come, and Government have at last been pleased to nominate one of our members to a vacancy which existed on the Municipal Corporation. This is a step in the right direction, and one which is greatly appreciated by this Association. We trust that soon Government will go a step further. In the Legislative Council Government nominate a considerable proportion of the membership, and we have felt very strongly that fairness demands that this power should be utilised to nominate the Master for the time being as a member of the Provincial Legislative Council, and so secure a presentation of our interests corresponding to that accorded in other Provinces. Meanwhile in addition to our representation on the Corporation, we have the power conferred on us by the franchise and I would suggest that the Committee formulate its requirements from the Municipality, and that the members should give their votes only to those candidates who pledge themselves to support our claims. It is in this way that the trading interests in England have secured respect for their interests.

Gentlemen, before we meet again we shall have had the privilege of welcoming Their Majesties the King-Emperor and the Queen to this our city, I am sure that none will grace Their Majesties more warmly than the members of the Trades' Association. Steps are, I believe, being taken to secure that the welcome accorded to Their Majesties shall be on a uniform plan, so that the city's greeting shall be not only enthusiastic but so organised that we many take pride in the outward manifestation of it. In this work I am sure that the members of the Trades' Association, who are important frontagers, will co-operate by all means in their power.

Mr. F. H[illegible]mkins was elected Master, and Mr. L. Mongini, treasurer. The following Committee was appointed Mr. Duncan Frazer; Mr. H. G. Clark; Mr. Hockerday; Mr. Hately; and Mr. H. Davis.

Messrs A. F. Fergusson and Co. were appointed auditors.

A hearty vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

The provisional recognition of the appointment of Mr. Edwin S. Cunningham as Consul for the United States of America, at Bombay, has been confirmed.

A temporary appointment of Special Under Secretary to Government, Political Department, is created for a period of six months with effect from 1st May, and Major H. W. Berthon is appointed to hold it.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Davies Political Agent, Second Grade, is granted combined leave for six months with effect from 9th May.

Mr. O. H. B. Starte, I. C. S., acted as Political Agent, Jath and Daphlapur, Estates, from 23rd to 28th February, both days inclusive.

The Reverend C. B. G. Collier is confirmed as a Junior Chaplain on the Bombay Ecclesiastical Establishment with effect from the 12th February.

Mr. Kaikhosru Sorabji Framji, L. C. E., to be Professor of Civil Engineering, College of Science, Poona, vice Major W. V. Scudamore, R. E., for the period of one year.

Miss M. Newland, Lady Superintendent, Female Normal School, Dharwar, is granted leave on medical certificate for two months with effect from 8th February.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.—Lieutenant Arthur Charles Payne, Electrical Engineer Company, is transferred to the Supernumerary List.

Leave.—Lieutenant F. J. H. Sievwright, 2nd Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, is granted six months' leave out of India with effect from the 15th April.

Lieutenant W. Amor, Bombay Volunteer Artillery, is granted eleven months' leave of absence ex India with effect from date of departure.

Major R. W. Anthony, M. B., F. R. C. S. (E.), I. M. S., is granted, from the date of relief, such privilege leave of absence as may be due to him on that date.

Mr. C. W. A. Turner, I. C. S., to be President of the Municipality of Dharwar vice Mr. C. W. M. Hudson, I. C. S., resigned.

B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Captain (Honorary Major) S. C. G. Wood, V. D., is transferred to the Supernumerary List, dated 4th March, 1911.

Captain W. S. Nealor, R. A. M. C., has been appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Ahmednagar, vice Captain A. Murphy, M.B., I.M.S., from the 1st April, in addition to his own duties.

Colonel R. W. S. Lyons, M. D., I. M. S., to act as Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, during the absence on leave of the Hon'ble Surgeon-General H.W. Stevenson, I.M.S., or pending further orders.

Mr. J. A. Cooper is transferred from Sind to the Southern Division, P. W. D.

Mr. J. E. MacDougall is granted combined leave of six months with effect from the 20th May or subsequent date.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. L. Cameron, C. S. I., is permitted to retire from His Majesty's service with effect from the afternoon of the 20th May.

Mr. A. Hill, C. I. E., F. C. H., M. Inst. C. E., to be Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, vice the Hon'ble Mr. Cameron, and Mr. H. V. R. Kemball to be Chief Engineer and Joint Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, vice Mr. Hill. During the period from the date of Mr. Kemball's return from leave to the date, he receives charge of the office of Chief Engineer and Joint Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, he is placed on special duty in the Public Works Department, Secretariat.

Mr A. H. Gordon to act as Superintendent of Police, Sind Railways, vice Mr. R. Mactier proceeding on leave.

Mr. W. B. Manley to act as District Superintendent of Police, Upper Sind Frontier, vice Mr. S. F. Ellis proceeded on leave.

Mr. C. M. Baker, I. C. S., on return to duty, to act as Collector of Ahmednagar, vice Mr. A. M. MacMillan, I. C. S., pending further orders.

Mr. R. L. Sinclair, Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Surat Range, is allowed privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough for three months from 18th May or subsequent date.

Mr. P. B. Haigh, I. C. S., to act as Collector of Kanara, vice Mr. G. Monteath, I. C. S., proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. O. H. B. Starte, I. C. S., acted as Collector of Bijapur, from 23rd to 28th February, both days inclusive.

The appointment of Mr. T. G. Correa as Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari with effect from 1st April, is confirmed.

Mr. A. Prideaux, Assistant Collector of Excise, Sholapur and Bijapur Districts, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from 19th May or subsequent date.

Mr. A. H. P. Wolferstan is appointed to act as Chief Collector of Customs in Sind during the absence on leave of Mr. F. S. Punnett or pending further orders.

Mr. H. J. Keess to act as Assistant Collector of Excise, Sholapur and Bijapur Districts, during the absence on leave of Mr. A. K. A. Prideaux or pending further orders.

Mr. J. A. McIver, Superintendent, Government Photozincographic Department, Poona, is allowed privilege leave for one month with effect from 2nd May, or subsequent date.

Messrs. G. R. Duxbury, Deputy Conservator of Forests, and C.G Dalia, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, repectively assumes charge of the newly constituted Divisions of South Nasik and North Nasik on the forenoon of the 1st April.

Major Gwyn Thomas, Officiating General Staff Officer, Karachi Brigade, to act as a Member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Karachi, during the absence from Karachi of Major W. P. L. Davies, General Staff Officer, Karachi Brigade.

The following transfers of Police Inspectors are ordered in the public interests:—First Grade Police Inspector John William Pett, from Belgaum (Home Circle) to Ahmedabad City and Fourth Grade Police Inspector Thomas Ross, from Ahmedabad City to Belgaum (Home Circle).

Major V. de V. Hunt to be Cantonment Magistrate, Poona.

Captain W. K. H. Campbell, 12th Pioneers, to be Cantonment Magistrate, Kirkee.

Probationary Fourth Grade Inspector Wells Jarman Corby, of the Thana District is confirmed in his appointment and Probationary Fourth Grade Inspector Bhanu Jayu, of the Kanara District, is confirmed in his appointment.

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, April 27.

Large business aggregating about 38,000 tons, exclusive of charters, has been put through during the week, and the rates have gradually hardened owing to a scarcity of tonnage for May. The market closes strong for May and June positions. The weather continues unsettled in the Punjab, and the new wheat crop will be late. There is no improvement in the plague returns, which disclose a serious state of affairs. Several charters have been effected at home.

Floriline!—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It remove all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot, 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

Brazenhead the Great by Maurice Hewlett—(Smith Elder).—To the history of the wild adventures of the fifteenth century hero Solomon Brazenhead. It is divided into four books. In the first called "The Duke of Milan," we are introduced to the redoubtable hero in a tavern brawl at Pavia, where he kills his adversary, one of the duke's paid murderers, whose place he intends to take. How he makes his way into the presence of Duke Galeozzo and receives from his hands the good sword Jezebel, and is thus appointed the duke's "third murderer," his subsequent short tenure and abdication of the throne of Milan and his departure with a lady named Liperata by his side are told in the fine breezy language one is so familiar with in Mr. Hewlett's books. In the next episode Captain Brazenhead is discovered at Bordeaux adopting the title of the Count of Picpus and taking for his countess the maid of the inn, the seductive Nicole La Grace de-Dieu. Of their wanderings in fair Provence, of Brazenhead's ill-fortune in Toulouse, of his finding the lovely Lady Roesia and many other accidents, both good and bad, we are fully informed. The third book, called "The Captain of Kent," formed part of a volume which has already appeared under the name of "Fond Adventures." In the last adventure we have the winding up the story. It is wonderfully realistic and recreates the fifteenth century with wonderful fidelity

The Ring of Pleasure, by Paul Creswick—(John Long).—Is a history of Lady Hamilton, (before Nelson appeared on the scene). He takes for central incident that romantic tale which may or may not be true of how her first connection began with Captain Willet-Payne. It is a bustling lively novel. Swords flash and beauty is distressed and consoled. We read also of Romney's first glimpse of the great beauty, he has so ably immortalized. It is all very exciting and unreal, but could any history in any century be more incredible than that of the beautiful Lady Hamilton nee Emma Hart.

Love in Pernickeity Town, by S. R. Crockett—(Hodder and Stoughton).—Hypnotic influence is the point of interest in Mr. Crockett's new book. There comes to a Scottish town a revivalist preacher: a young, handsome, attractive man, and an utter charlatan, who has been in the East and learned something of the occult sciences of the ancient Eastern races. He has acquired certain powers of hypnotic influence, which in the case of susceptible subjects become formidable. He is in the habit of using these powers to make converts to the cause he preaches, and not infrequently, to bring a woman under the thraldom of his will. His earliest victim is the daughter of a Scottish minister. He marries her, it is true, but is faithless to her from the beginning, and she goes with him on his missionary tours a bitter, disillusioned, unhappy woman. The wife in time recovers and masters her husband and in the end her good influence saves him from ruin when he had hypnotized a young lady and was about to run away with her. It is certainly a good history with plenty of love-making and a sprinkling of humorous comedy.

Sampson Rideout Quaker by Una L. Silberrad—(Nelson).—The scene of this novel is laid in Salisbury and the surrounding country in the Stuart period, at the time of persecution of the Quakers. The interest of the story is the extraordinary attraction that Lady Falkirk a society butterfly, has for Sampson Rideout, a strong man with duty ever before his eyes. Miss Silberrad has written an interesting novel and brought before us in a magic way the Merrie England of the Stuarts.

The General Plan by Edmund Chandler—(Blackwood)—A book of short stories that have appeared in "Blackwood" and other magazines. The living Englishmen know the Asiatic as Mr. Chandler does. He has spent many years wandering about in India and Asia. He accompanied General Younghusband's expedition to Tibet also. From this it will be gathered that Mr. Chandler is well able to write on Indian subjects and these stories mostly relate to India. "At Galdang Tso" one of the stories, the author gives an illustration of the reincarnation of souls. "The Testimony of Bhagwan Singh" is a well written story in which a spirit brings to justice the perpetrator of a ghostly crime.

The Revised Version in Verses.—The University Presses of Oxford and Cambridge announce two new editions of the Revised Version, in which for the first time the text is divided into verses as in the 1611 Bible. There is no doubt that many prefer this arrangement and that the absence of verses has hindered the acceptance of the Revised Version. Hitherto, the Revised Version has only been obtainable divided into paragraphs. One of the new editions, containing central column references, will be published on May 17, the thirtieth anniversary of the appearance of the Revised New Testament, when 1,000,000 copies were sold in the course of the day; and the other edition, text only will be ready a few weeks later. The University Presses have also ready for publication a cheap edition of "The Interlinear Bible", which combines the Authorized and the Revised Versions in a most convenient form. Where the versions vary the passages are printed in smaller type, so arranged that the reader following continuously the upper line has the text of the Revised Version or following the lower line the Authorized Version; and yet sees at a glance the difference.

With the arrival of Holy Week and Easter there came a slight pause in the flood of spring publications, which have certainly appeared with wonderfully prolific persistency ever since Christmas. We do not know exactly how the statistics of the season will come out, but it is worth recording that the head librarian of the largest circulating library in England declared that 50 per cent. more novels had been published in the first quarter of this year than in the corresponding period of 1910. The season has apparently given little cause for complain. It has been rich in biographies, and above the average in fiction. The omnivorous reader who attempts to keep in touch with all new literature has had a busy time of it, and even the booksellers have been too fully occupied to groan.

Shortly after Easter that enterprising patron of good literature, Mr. J. M. Dent, will inaugurate yet another of his many series of cheap books for the cultured reader. This time he has turned his attention to France, and proposes a library of French masterpieces to be published in cloth binding at 1s a volume. There are to be at least 100 volumes in all, and they will appear at the rate of five a month. The first batch, which is nearly ready, will include the Poems of Alfred de Musset, Balzac's "Le Pere Goriot," the "Atala" and "Rene" of Chateaubriand, and a volume of Voltaire's Philosophy. Every book will contain a biographical and critical study of the author, and a sufficient body of notes. And all for 1s! It would be difficult to ask more.

Sooner or later, in this benignant age, every historical character comes to be whitewashed, and the latest heroine to issue from the library with a clean bill of character will be Marie Louise, the second wife of Napoleon. Sympathy for the ill-used Josephine has perhaps pressed hard upon her successor, but at any rate Miss Edith E Cuthell, who is already favourably known as an amateur historian, is about to plead the cause of Marie Louise in a work entitled "An Imperial Victim." The point of view aimed at is to represent the subject of the monograph as gentle, lovable and feminine. The author has a pleasant touch, and her elaborate study of Wilhelmina, Margravine of Bayreuth, which appeared a few years ago, stamped her as a careful student of human nature. This new book is to be published by Mr. Stanley Paul.

The "nimble" shilling is made to do wonders nowadays in the matter of buying books but we doubt if its purchasing capacity has ever been further extended than in the case of a series of books which Messrs. Williams and Norgate are about to put upon the market. The publishers claim that their venture is "a very bold one, which will create a sensation in the literary world," and their claim seems to be well founded. For the idea is practically the taking of all knowledge for a subject, and the provision of a series of text-books bright, popular, and authoritative, specially written by the highest authorities, to cover practically every field of human thought and activity. Each volume will contain about 250 pages, a bibliography, and such illustrations as may be necessary, and none will cost more than is. The scheme certainly appears to be one of the most remarkable publishing undertakings of recent years.

Having been presented with a "Chesterton Calendar," it is not surprising that we are now promised a "Pocket Gladstone." There should be good quotations in the essays and speeches of the Grand Old Man, who thoroughly appreciated the value of a telling phrase, and Mr. J. Aubrey Rees, who has edited the forthcoming collection, is to be congratulated upon a good idea. Messrs. Mills and Boon are the publishers, and Sir Algernon West has contributed an introduction.

"The Victoria History of the Counties of England," which has been moving rather slowly during the last twelve months or so, is to receive considerable impulse during the course of the coming summer. The editorial staff has been successful in getting several important volumes through the press, and Messrs. Constable and Co. hope to add ten new volumes in all between now and Christmas. The fourth instalment of the history of Hampshire is nearly ready and it will be followed immediately by the third volume upon Surrey. Later in the year there will appear further instalments dealing with Bedfordshire, Lancashire, Somerset and Yorkshire.

Three general editors have been appointed to preside over the different departments. Belles lettres and classics are in the hands of Professor Gilbert Murray; Mr. Herbert A. L. Fisher, of Oxford, will preside over the history section, and science will be supervised by Professor J. Arthur Thomson. These editors have been busy for months in securing the co-operation of the foremost available scholars and specialists, and it is hoped that the best scholarship and ripest information will thus be rendered accessible to even the humblest purse. One hundred volumes have already been arranged for, covering the chief departments in history, literature, art, science, sociology, philosophy, and religion, and the first ten volumes will be ready early in April. The publishers will announce the subjects of these books, and the names of the authors treating them in the course of the next fortnight.

Although the Chapel and Hall of Clifford's Inn have been saved from the hand of the house-breaker, there is still a great portion of that ancient hostelry which is about to be sacrificed to the commercial passion for modernity. The changes taking place on the Chancery lane side of the inn have forced Mr. Stanley Paul to migrate from his cosy quarters there and he will shortly settle in immediate proximity to Messrs. Methuem and Co., in Essex-street, Strand. Meanwhile, in homage to the home he is leaving, Mr. Paul is about to publish a history of the inn which acquires a certain sentimetal interest from the vicissitudes which the old buildings are now undergoing. The place is full of literary associations, for it was here that Coke and Seldon studied law and Scott, Southey, Coleridge and Lamb foregathered with George Dyer.

HYDERABAD NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, April 25.

The Viceroy has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon Lieutenant-Colonel William Pendlebury, the popular Commandant of the Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles and Agent of H. H. the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railways.

Messrs. Arthur Brunel Chatwood and Pinkstan O'Reilly Blackwood have been appointed Second-Lieutenants in the Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles.

The Chudderghaut Residency Market, which has been leased to a Native Christian lady for an annual sum of Rs. 1,700 by the Local Fund Committees, is being improved very perceptibly. The stalls are fenced with iron-webbing and thus made fly-proof and every part of the market is being kept perfectly clean, besides being disinfected twice daily.

Hitherto District Officers belonging to H. H. Nizam's Public Works Department, when required officially at headquarters have experienced much inconvenience in procuring house accommodation, except in cases in which friends have helped them over the difficulty. To obviate trouble in future, sanction has been obtained from Government for the construction of a Rest House. Accordingly, a site has been selected on the open ground adjacent to the cemetery, near the late Major Gough's bungalow, which has recently been appropriated for the use of the Nizam College. The foundation has already been laid and the building is likely to be completed in a couple of months when it will be suitably furnished and equipped with a staff of domestic servants to administer to the creature comforts of occupants.

The P. M. O. of the regular troos has issued an order, prohibiting surgeons of that corps from granting medical certificates outside their respective regiments. This means that the surgeons must, in future, desist from private practice. There could be no doubt that the order is a sensible one, and to make it a little more vigorous in its operation, the P. M. O. himself will have to set the example.

The slight rain that has fallen has made the heat more oppressive. If the April showers are to come at all, they must pour down in torrents, otherwse it would be frightful to speculate what may not happen during the month of May, when the heat is at its greatest. As it is, some deaths have occurred from apoplexy and sun-stroke, others from a severe type of fever and pneumonia, which has carried away victims within 48 hours.

The death occurred to-day of Mr. R. G. Whittle, who has been a local resident for some time past, representing Messrs. Lawrence and Mayo, the opticians of your city. Confluent small-pox was the cause of death. Mr. Whittle took the place here of Mr. W. P. Cleary, who died about eighteen months ago suddenly in Bombay of apoplexy. The loss within so short a time of two of its senior men must be a severe experience to the firm, whose place it might be difficult to fill.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, April 27.

The disturbance in the extreme north is slightly less marked this morning. A light precipitation has occurred at Dras and Sonemarg and a few falls of rain in Eastern Bengal and Mysore. Jalpaiguri reports one and a half inches. The forecast shows an increase of the rainfall in north-east India, but no change of importance elsewhere.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 27TH APRIL.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 27th April, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rawalpindi records 0'14" of rain. Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in defect at Ambala and in excess at Sirsa. Temperature is normal in the extreme eastern districts and in defect elsewhere, more especially during the day.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in Sind and west Rajputana and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in defect at Jacobabad and Bikanir; the minimum is also below nornal at Bikanir.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The moisture in the air is in excess at Bhuj and in defect at other stations. Day temperature is in excess at Veraval; night temperature is in excess at Bahavnagar Para and in defect at Veraval and Ahmedabad.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded in Berar and clear elsewhere. Humidity is in defect. Temperature is nearly normal.

The Konkan.—Skies are moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is nearly normal.

General Remarks.—A few thunderstorms are reported from Malabar, Mysore and the southern half of the Deccan, but the associated rainfall has been insignificant. Light precipitation has occurred in the extreme north.

A few thunderstorms may occur in Malabar, Mysore and the southern half of the Deccan and south Hyderabad and some light precipitation in the extreme north.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

SPORTING NEWS.

OOTACAMUND RACES.

1st Day's Racing.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

OOTACAMUND, April 27.

THE TALLY HO CUP—Rupees 200 to the winner. For ponies, regularly hunted with the Ooty or Madras hounds. Distance—1 1-2 miles.
Major Duff's Nellie Stuart, 11st. Major Dennistoun 1
Mr Campbell's Pumper Nickel, 11st 13lbs Nicholson 2

The Race—Pumper Nickel led for half a mile when Nellie Stuart shot to the front and maintained the lead for the rest of the race, winning by two lengths. Time—130 secs.

Betting:—2 to 1 on Pumper Nickel and 1 1-4 Nellie Stuart.

THE WELLINGTON PLATE—Rs. 200 to the winner. For horses. Distance—1 mile.
Mr Nicholson's Widgeon, 9st 3lbs.........Melson 1
Mr Dennistoun's Naughty Novice, 10st 3lbs Owner 2
Mr Sivagiri's Bonny Jean, 9st 10lbs. Capt Heyland 3

Also Ran:—Hereward.

Betting:—Evens Naughty Novice, 2 to 1 Widgeon, 3 to 1 Bonny Jean, and 6 to 1 Hereward.

The Race.—Getting off well, the field ran in a bunch up to the Brewery straight, when Widgeon got away, closely followed by Naughty Novice. After a nice race up the straight, Widgeon won by 1 1 2 lengths, 3 lengths separating second and third. Time—108 secs.

THE NEW MARKET PLATE.—Rs. 300 to the winner. For ponies. Distance—6 furlongs.
Mr Sivagiri's Prominent, 8st 4lbs..............Reyes 1
Mr Rangaswamy's Lady Maid, 11st 5lbs...... McQuade 2
Maharaja of Mysore's Zephyr, 11st 4lbs..... ... Nicholson 3

Also Ran:—Misfit 8st 3lbs.

Betting:—Evens Lady Maid, 6 to 4 on Zephyr, 6 to 1 Misfit and 4 to 1 Prominent.

The Race.—Up to the last bend the field ran in a bunch, when Prominent came away and won by a length, three lengths separating second and third. Time—4 mins. 5secs.

THE OOTACAMUND CUP.—Rs. 800 to the winner. For horses. Distance—1 1-2 miles.
Yuvaraja of Mysore's Miracle, 11st 7lbs..Nicholson 1
Capt Neyland's Belldhue, 9st 9lbs............Owner 2
Major Duff's Matsumata, 9st 7lbs ....Reyes 3

Also Ran:—Double Ruff, Merrybird and Mignonette.

Betting:—2 to 1 Miracle, 5 to 1 Double Ruff, 6 to 1 Belldhue, 2 1-2 Matsumata, and Mignonette and 4 to 1 Merrybird.

The Race:—In the first round Mignonette tock the lead and continued to lead for more than half the distance. About three furlongs from home the field got into a bunch, Miracle running last. At the last bend Belldhue and Matsumata shot to the front; up the straight, Miracle passed the whole field and came in a good winner by 1 1-2 lenghts, the same distance separting the second and third. Time—169 secs.

THE ARAB POLO SCURRY.—Rs. 200 to the winner. Distance 3 furlongs.
Mr Beaufort's Dahchick, 11st 7lbs...........Owner 1
Mr Bruce's Egara, 11st 7lbs.................Mr Mason 2
Mr Feather-Tonlaugh's Desert Chief, 11st 7lbs... Owner 3

Also Ran:—Perkosh, Radium and Alibaba.

Betting:—Even Perkosh, 4 to 1 Radium, 3 to 1 Alibaba, 5 to 1 Dahchick and Desert Chief and 6 to 4 on Egara.

The Race—This race was run under a heavy downpour, Egara led from the start but nearing the post Dahchick shot to the front and won by barely half a head, half a length separating the second and third. Time—42 secs.

Second day's race at Ootacamund was better attended, H. E. the Governor and the Maharaja of Mysore being present. The weather was fine until the last race.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

A PLEA FOR THE POWDER-PUFF.

An extraordinary ease which has occurred in Pennsylvania, writes a correspondent in "M. A.P.," has caused me to regard the rouge-pot and powder-puff in a more serious light than heretofore. A man was arrested for the non-support of his wife, but defended himself on the plea that she "painted like a "Red Indian" and used cosmetics. I fear that there would be very many husbandless women to-day if the use of the powder-puff proved sufficient excuse for their "worser halves" to leave them. In the instance I have quoted, the magistrate ordered the man to return to his wife and support her, and to cultivate a taste for the artistic, reporting each month to the court how he was progressing in his study of the beautiful.

NECESSARY TO HAPPINESS.

The magistrate's remarks were hardly what one would imagine would come from the lips of a man, but they are well worth quoting. He said: "The art of facial decoration is one of the most necessary for the preservation of the beauty of the female sex. It should not become a lost art. It is the one thing that keeps a woman young and a comfort to her husband, who grows old too quickly through modern business pressure. The rouge, the chamois, the powder-puffs are absolutely necessary to the happiness of every woman. I should hardly like to regard the last statement as true with respect to our English women, for I believe their standard of happiness is far higher. Nevertheless, some of the prominent New York women agreed with the Court's verdict, and Mrs. Clarence Burns, the philanthropist, on reading of the case, exclaimed: "Why, I never heard of such a thing! It's man's nature to like fluffy-dressed women, with the additions of rouge, powder-puffs, and curls." She argued further that the plainly dressed girls with their hair combed straight over the ears were all very well for philanthropic work, but they very rarely married, however sweet-natured they might be. Her view was as follows: "The powder-puff and rouge are not sufficient grounds for divorce, and they certainly should not be sufficient excuse for non-support. The use of such things should be a matter of personal privilege, and one which a husband has no right to interfere with more than his wife has to interfere with his cigar." Our ancestors are often held up to us as models of virtue, yet aids to beauty were far more numerous than they are to-day and there was no attempt to disguise the fact that they were artificial. Black patches and a powdered wig could deceive no one. From that period we passed to the stage when any noticeably-powdered face at once stamped the wearer of it as lacking respectability. Since then, we have advanced—or gone back—and it would be difficult to count the number of ladies who are to be seen daily who have resorted to artificialities to enhance their charms.

WIDE OF THE MARK.

In a very interesting article I was reading the other day the writer's chief objection to the use of the powder-puff seemed to be because ladies made use of them in trains and cafes and places of amusement in the most daring manner. He also argued that by hurriedly daubing the features in this manner the result was bound to prove inartistic and, indeed, hideous. In this the author of the article is certainly right, but when he goes on to speak about the clogging of the pores of the skin and that Nature will eventually have its revenge, he is wide of the mark. Cheap scented powders do, we know, clog the skin, and all women should be warned against their use but the woman who takes sufficient pride in her personal appearance to desire to get rid of the shiny skin which is so objectionable to look upon is generally careful to procure harmless powder, and also to get through the necessary ablutions to prevent the pores of the skin becoming clogged. Surely it is agreed that a suspicion of powder before starting for an evening's entertainment is permissible and sometimes advisable. Also on a very keen, windy day the use of the powder puff acts as a sort of cloak to shield the skin from its bitterness.

The immunity of the mongoose to snake bite was at one time ascribed by the people of this country to the fact that the mongoose instinctively knew of a herb or weed the eating of which was a cure. Kipling, in one of his Jungle Book stories, said that it was due to the quickness with which the mongoose could dodge that it generally came off scathless in its encounters with the cobra and other snakes. The new theory is that the mongoose is practically immune to snake-poison, and Professor G. Billard, the French "savant," has proved that it shares this gift with many other animals, the badger, the cat, and the larger carnivora for instance.

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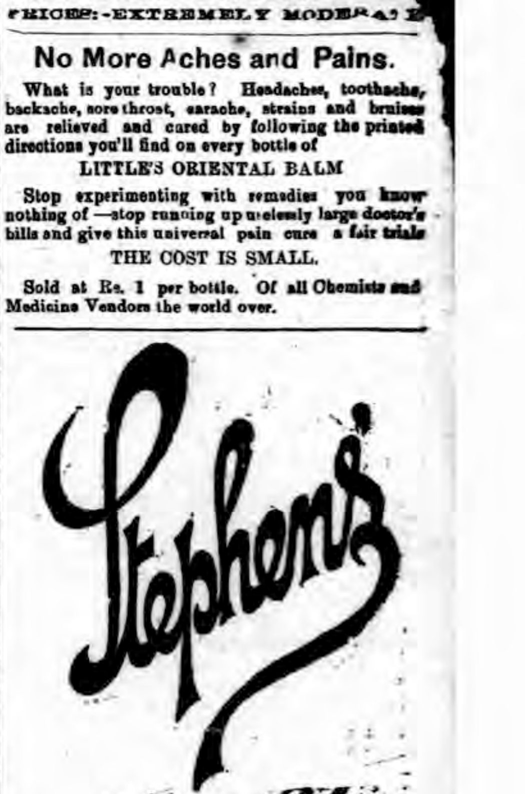

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BY THE WAY.

FLYING OVER TOWNS.

In a present issue of the "Aero"—which now makes a creditable appearance as a monthly, the rules for the £10,000 "Circuit of Britain" prize are discussed. Here is an extract of general interest: The worst one can say of the course is that there is, as yet, no rule to prevent flying over the big towns on the route, especially those at which landings are enforced by rule. This may be avoided to a great extent by fixing the landing places so that the competitors pass by the towns, or cities, instead of over them; but in certain cases this may be impossible and in such event it is sincerely to be hoped that same rule may be made penalising, if not actually disqualifying, competitors who increase the risks of the race by passing directly over big centres of population. Even in France, quite a storm of indignation was raised when Parisot landed in [illegible] Invalides, and knocked down a lamp-post; and one can only imagine the outcry there would be if a competitor executed an involuntary landing in Market-street, Manchester or in the Tramway centre at Bristol. There are centres of traffic in London which would form equally objectionable landing-places.

THE DICKENS CENTENARY STAMP.

Notwithstanding the great publicity which the Dickens Centenary Stamp has received, complaints reach the committee from all parts of the kingdom of the difficulty of obtaining it. The stamp is now on sale at every one of Messrs. W. H. Smith and Son's bookstalls, and is to be procured from every bookseller and stationer. The committee would be grateful if anyone experiencing the slightest difficulty in obtaining the stamp would kindly report the fact to the publishers. Messrs. George, Newnes, Limited, 8-12, Southampton-street, Strand, London, W. C.

ST. JAMES'S PARK.

St. James's Park has seen no such revolutionary changes as the proposed memorial to King Edward will make, since Le Notre, the French landscape-gardener, was allowed to work his will in it in the far-away days of the second Charles, with authority to "lay it out and improve it" as he would. It was then that avenues of trees began to fringe the northern side of the Park where the Mall now is; and the whole aspect of it was changed—not, in Pope's opinion, at least, for the better for to the poet's mind "Something is more needful than expense," and that is sense, and "Jones and Le Notre have it not to give." Pepys took a special pleasure in watching the revolutionaries at work, "making a river through the park," and "observing the several engines to draw up water" and, later, declares that the park is "now every day more and more pleasant." A century or more later, other changes came to make Rosamond's Pond, haunt of lovers, and Duke Island a romantic memory.

THE ROOKS OF GRAY'S INN GARDENS.

Apparently the historic colony of rooks in Gray's Inn Gardens is very prosperous this wintry spring, writes a London correspondent, for their nests now number about twenty. The wary birds no longer build in the tall trees overhanging Theobald's-road, having a rooted distrust of the electric tram-cars, and most of the nests are at the back of Raymond-buildings, though there are a few on the south side of the gardens, near Field-court. They are now supplied with regular rations by the benevolent Benchers, but have to fly to Hampstead Heath or even further afield to get worms and similar suitable food for their young families. Formerly the Temple as well as Gray's Inn possessed a flourishing rookery, but the birds whose antics so delighted Goldsmith were scared away.

CANADA'S ACTING-PREMIER.

Sir Richard Cartwright, who is to take charge of Canada, while Sir Wilfrid Laurier is attending the Imperial Conference and the Coronation, is one of the veteran Liberals of the Empire. He was born in 1835, and his Parliamentary career began as far back as 1863. In Mr. McKenzie's Liberal Government he was Finance Minister, and when the Liberals returned to power fifteen years ago under the leadership of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, he preferred the less onerous post of Minister of Trade and Commerce, a portfolio he still retains, although, he left the Commons for the Senate seven years ago. Sir Richard was educated at Trinity College, Dublin.

LORD GOSCHEN AS NOVEL READER.

Mr. Elliott, in his Life of Lord Goschen, makes reference to his subject as an inveterate reader of fiction. His family recall that on one of his long Continental journeys, he being then an elderly man a bedroom had been secured for him at Cologne that he might enjoy a night's rest on the way. He had, however, taken up at starting one of Gaboriau's novels to read in the train, and was only halfway through it when he arrived at Cologne. There, as had been arranged, he betook himself to the bespoken room at the hotel, where he spent the whole night, not in the contemplated repose, but in finishing his novel, continuing the journey next day without ever having been to bed!

THE LATE REV. C. H. KELLY.

The late Rev. C. H. Kelly, a former president of the Wesleyan Conference, whose death has recently been announced, was noted for his wit no less than for his breezy and masculine common-sense. During a discussion on one occasion on the Wesley Guild, someone protested against superintendents being "overburdened with red tape." "It is not red tape," retorted Mr. Kelly, "but an elastic band." When he was chairman of the Conference in 1889, a severe charge had been made against the methods of the Indian missionaries, and a message of sympathy and vindication was sent out. The telegraphic reply came from Mr. Cooling, one of the officials, and, properly punctuated, should have read: "Warmest thanks, all Indian brethren.—Cooling." As hurriedly read out by Mr. Kelly the message was transformed into: "Warmest thanks: all Indian brethren cooling."

A PATHETIC INCIDENT.

The physical strength of Mr. Kelly was amazing. At the age of seventy-two he was elected for a second time to preside over the Wesleyan Church, an honour only secured by sixteen Wesleyan ministers since Wesley's death. No handsomer form has ever graced the position. He quelled unruliness with a rod of iron; any suspicion of attempt to dictate to him how the business of the hour should be conducted recoiled on the head of the would-be dictator with crushing force. But to the young man, minister or layman, who rose to address the Conference for the first time, Mr. Kelly extended sympathetic encouragement. It fact, youth always evoked an answering note from the youthful heart of this veteran. It is told of him in his earlier years, when his head was covered which a rich growth of black curly hair, that he stayed at a house in which the son, a boy of fourteen, was an imbecile. Mr. Kelly quickly found his way to the lad's heart, and before he left the house the boy implored him to give him as a souvenir a lock of his hair. Years afterwards, when the young man died, that strand of black hair was found under his pillow his most precious possession.

CHANGING HABITS OF BIRDS.

A few years ago none of the feathered tribe stood higher in the estimation of the farmer than the gulls which followed in the track of the plough. Low forms of grub life were the staple food of the birds, and their presence was generally supposed to enhance the productive properties of the soil. But of late years, according to the "Glasgow News," various observers have noted that the gull has been manifesting a growing partiality for ripening corn. So rapidly has the new taste been acquired that seed-sowing is associated with a new source of worry. An eminent agriculturist states that, in the course of the last few weeks, he has observed flocks of gulls searching for grain with a pertinacity that would have done credit to barndoor fowls. According to this authority, the starling is another bird whose habits have undergone a great transformation within comparatively recent years.

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GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

ATALANTA IN CALYDON" AT THE LYCEUM.

To see and hear Swinburne's famous tragedy, writes a Home correspondent, was a very interesting and agreeable experience. It is possible to point out that the production in respects falls short of the ideal, but even if instead of a series of three had been a presentation of the drama on the most elaborate and costly scale there would have been defects; for in this case the ideal is quite unattainable. The point that immediately arrests attention is the treatment of the chorus. Everybody knows that Swinburne wrote poetry of amazing beauty and almost matchless word music for the chorus. It may be asserted confidently that any effort to give full effect to this word music upon the stage must be ineffectual. To do so would require a chorus of young ladies blessed with beautiful voices and possessed of perfect elocutionary method, and they could not be found. The producer, then, is faced with the difficulty that it is impossible to do justice to the poetry by a speaking chorus. There are then two courses open: to leave the play alone, which would be a pity, or to have the choruses set to music, which naturally involves a subordination or even destruction of word music. The latter course has been adopted in the present instance. The music has been written by Miss Muriel Elliot who wisely has made no effort to give an imitation of what one might deem ancient Greek music. On the other hand she has avoided needless modernity and eschewed wood and brass instruments, and given to her work a classical and occasionally a somewhat ecclesiastical air. The result is music of considerable value. There is positive beauty in some of the themes and real grace in the treatment of them. The chorus of the ball dance, for instance, has a delightful gaiety and elegance of movement. She has also been successful in the tragic passages and the impressive, rather too brief, funeral marches. Throughout her work escapes the commonplace without seeming strained or artificial. There is another interesting feature in the chorus. Under the direction of Miss Elsie Fogerty the sixteen intelligent young ladies who constitute the chorus, and Miss Edith Lorimer the leader of them, are constantly in action, suggesting, by concerted and individual movement, by dancing, by graceful and sometimes dramatic gestures and poses, a commentary upon the whole of the drama. At times the effect is quite delightful, and it is always agreeable. It may be that this treatment of the chorus differs greatly from that of old Greek drama; indeed, the construction of the modern stage renders this inevitable. Occasionally, no doubt, one felt that there was some uncertainty as regards the convention involved in the peculiar relations between the chorus and the people of the play. This is not surprising. Miss Fogerty and the young ladies may be congratulated upon a remarkably successful accomplishment of a very difficult task.

DRAMATIC EFFECT AND ACTING.

Now for a word or two concerning the dramatic effect of the work and the acting. It cannot be said that the play is very dramatic in the normal sense of the word; yet it has its vivid moments, and even its actual thrills; but in considering these one cannot forget that the motives and ideas of the characters are extremely far from ours. Which of us can conceive the idea that a good woman, or indeed any woman, who really loves a son of whom any mother might well be proud, deliberately kills him because, in self-defence, he has slain her two brothers! Even to allege that she kills her son under a feeling of sacred duty to expiate the death of her brothers, and that the son and her husband do not regard her with honour—for the son before his death knows that he is dying at her hands—does not enable us to appreciate the idea involved. It is needless to go further into the drama to show how far it is based upon conceptions entirely foreign to us. Still, Swinburne's work not only possesses an extraordinary beauty, but also has a curious gradually cumulative dramatic effect of an impressive character. The part of Althea, the mother, would not be easy even to a Rachel, it must be added that an actress of her calibre could transform the play into an intensely, even appallingly, thrilling drama, with possibly some loss of the balance intended by the author. Miss Elsie Fogerty does not pretend to be a Rachel. She gave a quite admirable performance, full of dignity and restraint, and at times of considerable power. Miss Hazel Thompson, in the part of Atalanta, was graceful in movement and delivered her lines very well; she presented a really poetic and pathetic figure of the strange maiden. Meleager was rendered excellently by Mr. Philip Merivale, whose work, particularly in the dying scene; was of much merit. Mr. Clarence Derwent, as chief huntsman and herald, delivered his lines in good style. Mr. Dion Titheradge, the messenger, both in miming and in speech gave a performance of a remarkably fine quality. So, despite certain points for criticism, "Atalanta", is a venture of great interest and merit, and of very considerable charm.

AT WYNDHAM'S.

One finds "Passers by," a very coloured supplement of ancient sentiment, forth-faring bravely with whimsical theories put to practical tests and a commonplace "cabby" spouting eugenic principles. A flaxen child, love in a locket and an old tune replayed—these strike the dominant note in Mr. Haddon Chambers' latest play. Harmlessly agreeable or tiresomely inane according to individual taste, it cannot do more than please or annoy. The worst you can say of it is that it is not good the best that it is not bad. Let us accord it one of the minor victories of mediocrity. Coincidence accounts for the plot; but as the immortal Puff remarked, "A play is not to show occurrences that happen every day but things just so strange that though they never did, they might happen." The coincidence is this Peter Waver on having returned one night to his rooms from his fiancee's, being bored of life and all agog for novelty decides on calling in stray passers-by to see what entertainment they afford. The first is Samuel Burns one of the dregs, precarious liver and picker-up of pavement-scraps; the second is "Nighty," cabman and philosopher; while the third, who has taken shelter in his doorway from the fog, is the coincidence. Her name is Margaret Summers, and six years ago these two were all in all to one another. But before they could marry, Peter's step-sister secretly intervened, sent the girl-governess packing from the house, and subsequently busied herself with the interception of sundry letters. Thus Peter finds himself engaged to one woman, and father to another woman's child. Now, Peter is very fond of Margaret—who would be quite content to go her way unselfishly in peace—and he induces her to bring his son to see him; and gradually he grows so attached to both that meetings become more frequent than is fair, to his 'fiancee,' Beatrice. The inevitable happens: everybody meets in the third act, and there looks like being something of a scene when news is brought that Burns (who had been taken into service) has run away with little Peter. Follows a long night's vigil, fiancee comforting wife, while Peter scours London in his motor-car. The introduction of this kidnapping incident reminded me irresistibly of Golden Prize books purchasable in my childhood for two-and-six, and written by estimable married ladies. Eventually Peter brings back the child; Beatrice, a fine-souled if slangy woman, played with, remarkable sympathy by Miss Nina Sevening, gives him "the chuck" for Margaret's sake, he and his old (and new) love live happily till the end of the run. Miss Sevening proved the surprise of the evening. Her style is rapidly broadening and deepening, and one begins really to rejoice over this brand plucked from the burning. Miss Irene Vanbrugh, in the comparatively simple part of Margaret Summers, plays with great delicacy, and Mr. Gerald du Maurier, back again in modern costume, proves himself once more our finest comedian. Mr. Heggie's Burns and Smee's—that is, Mr. Shelton's—"Nighty" are each perfect in their way, and full of humour; while Mr. Gayer Mackay, as a supercilious valet, only renders still more difficult the task of finding suitable laudatory adjectives with which to acclaim the admirable acting which our English stage now boasts. Indeed, it is almost a relief to be able to remark that in the somewhat stereotyped part of Peter's step-sister, Miss Helen Ferrers is somewhat stereotyped; while Miss Renee Mayer, as Little Peter, rather gives one the impression of being one of Maeterlinck's Pre-destined.

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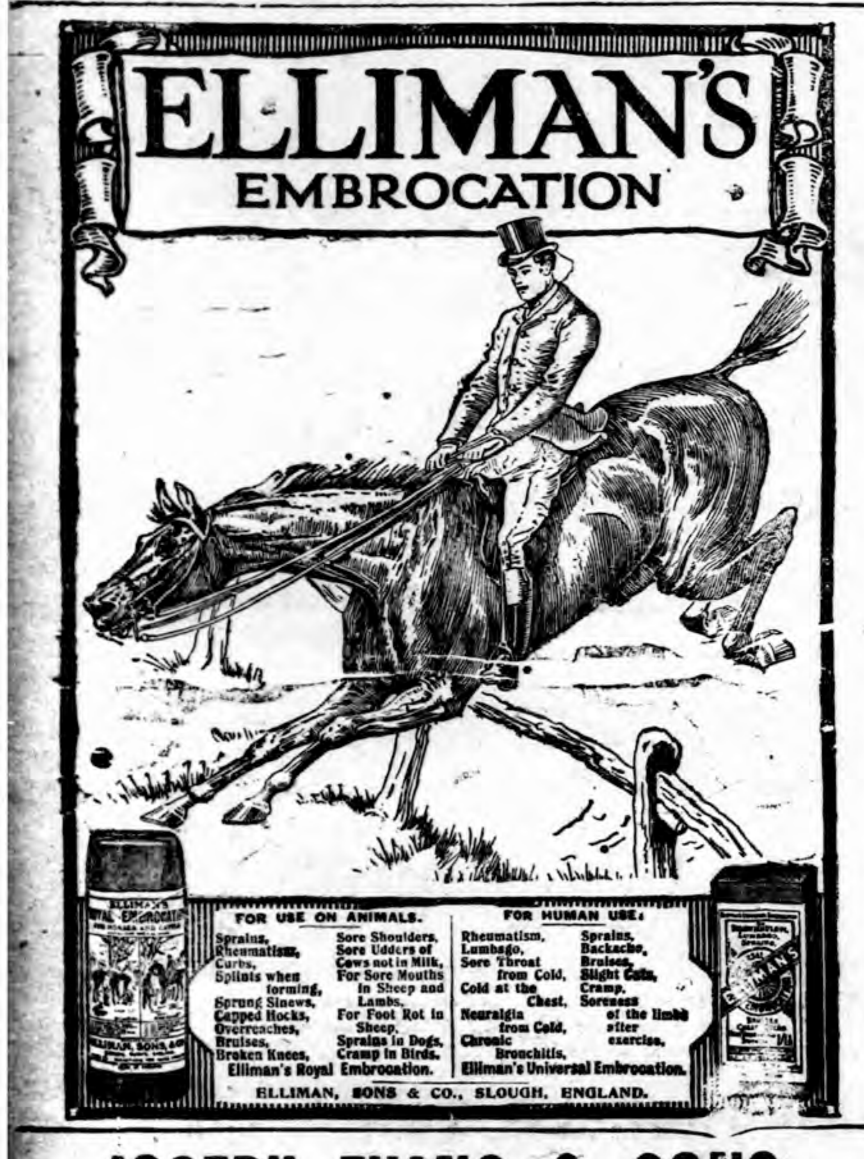

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To Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYEN JOSHI, Tram Terminus Tardeo

Dear Doctor—I wish to bring these few lines to your notice for the benefit of other sufferers I was suffering great agony from Hydrocele and Piles for almost a period of 12 years and tried many doctors both native and European, but to no avail I almost gave up all hopes of ever finding a cure but you will be glad to hear that since using the Pills and Ointment prescribed by you, I found instant relief and a thorough cure.

Thanking you for the same and I sincerely trust your medicines will be soon known by all sufferers, I would very much advise you to advertise more freely in all newspapers. I shall always recommend you to my friends. Yours faithfully,
J. W. BREAKEY Government Telegraphs.
5th September, 1905.

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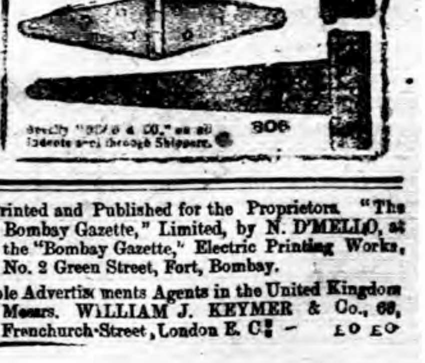
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